THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
MAY 31, 2020

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

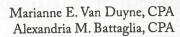
Independent Auditor's Report

		rage
	Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) (MD&A)	1-13
	Statement of Net Position	14
	Statement of Activities	15
	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position	17
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	18
	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
	Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	20
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position — Proprietary Funds	21
	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	22
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	23
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	24
	Notes to Financial Statements	25-63
II.	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	64-65
	Schedule of Changes in the Village's Total OPEB liability and Related Ratios	66
	Schedule of Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	67
	Schedule of Village's Contributions	68
III.	OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
	Comparative Balance Sheet – General Fund	69
	Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual – General Fund	70
	Comparative Balance Sheet - Capital Projects Fund	71

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Projects Fund	72
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major - Governmental Funds	73
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major – Governmental Funds	74
Comparative Balance Sheet - Community Development Fund	75
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Community Development Fund	76
Comparative Balance Sheet – Section 8 Housing Fund	77
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Section 8 Housing Fund	78
Comparative Balance Sheet – Special Purpose Fund	79
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Special Purpose Fund	80
Comparative Balance Sheet - Debt Service Fund	81
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual – Debt Service Fund	82
Comparative Statement of Fund Net Position – Enterprise Fund – Water Fund	83
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Enterprise Fund - Water Fund	84
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Fund - Water Fund	85
Comparative Statement of Fund Net Position – Enterprise Fund – Electric Fund	86
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Enterprise Fund - Electric Fund	87
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows – Enterprise Fund - Electric Fund	88
Comparative Statement of Fund Net Position – Internal Service Fund – Risk Retention Fund	89
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Internal Service Fund – Risk Retention Fund	90
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund – Risk Retention Fund	91
Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Fund	92
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund	93
Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund	94
Comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Fund	95

IV. REPORTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
The Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesses-type activities, each major fund, the fiduciary funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre (the "Village"), as of and for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Rockville Centre, as of May 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

ISLANDIA: 3033 EXPRESS DRIVE NORTH, SUITE 100 • ISLANDIA, NY 11749 WHITE PLAINS: 50 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1000 • WHITE PLAINS, NY 10606 PHONE: (631) 234-4444 • FAX: (631) 234-4234

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the Village's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of Village's contributions on pages 1 through 13 and 64 through 68, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre's basic financial statements. The other supplementary financial information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary financial information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary financial information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2020, on our consideration of the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

R. S. abrama + Co. XXP

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP Islandia, NY November 24, 2020

Introduction

The following discussion and analysis of the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre, New York's financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter, located at the front of this report, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2020

- The general fund completed fiscal year 2020 with a fund balance totaling \$11,287,645. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance totaled \$6,286,890 while another \$3,818,288 was assigned, \$1,161,046 was restricted for unused sick, vacation, and terminal leave payments, primarily for retiring police officers, and nonspendable totaled \$21,421 for prepaid expenses.
- The water fund had an increase in net position of \$766,666 and the electric fund had a decrease in net position of \$891,177.
- The Village's total outstanding bonds payable at May 31, 2020 was \$57,090,000. Of this total, \$26,426,529 and \$30,663,471 were attributable to the Village's governmental and business-type activities, respectively.
- The fund balance in the capital projects fund was \$1,993,777 consisting of restricted fund balance totaling \$157,037 and an assigned (unappropriated) fund balance of \$1,836,740.
- On November 15, 2019, the Village's water fund sold leases to IWG-TLA Telecom, LLC, for sales proceeds of \$441,575. These sales proceeds are recorded in the water fund on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.
- Total net deficit (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) for fiscal year 2020 was \$31,493,278. Of this amount \$78,784,727 represents a deficit in the governmental net position and \$47,291,449 represents the business-type net position. The governmental activities net deficit increased by \$5,692,541 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020. This was primarily due to an increase in capital assets and a decrease in bonds payable, offset by an increase in compensated absences, pensions and total other post-employment benefit obligations at May 31, 2020. The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability was \$23,237,637 of which \$19,460,828 is recorded as a liability in the governmental activities on the government wide financial statements. For the fiscal year ending May 31, 2020, the Village's total OPEB obligations were \$149,463,968 of which \$131,837,287 is recorded as a liability in governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. For the business-type net position, the water fund and electric fund net position totals were \$29,516,010 and \$17,775,439, respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Village's financial statements are comprised of this MD&A and the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides an analysis and overview of the Village's financial activities. The basic financial statements include three components: government-wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented in a manner similar to private-sector business financial statements. The statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements include two statements: Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance Village programs, are excluded from these statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the Village's total assets and deferred outflows of resources, as well as total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a gauge to determine whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in the Village's net position during the current fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are reported in this statement regardless of the timing of cash flows. The focus of this statement is on the net cost of providing various activities to the citizens of the Village.

Both of the above financial statements have separate sections for the two different types of activities. These two types of activities are:

<u>Governmental activities</u> - The activities reflected in this section are general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest. These activities are mostly supported by taxes, charges for services and operating grants and contributions.

<u>Business-type activities</u> - These activities consist of the Village's two enterprise funds: water and electric. These activities are intended to recover their cost of operation, including depreciation, primarily through user charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Village divides its funds into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u> - Most of the basic services provided by the Village are financed and accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on *current inflows and outflows of spendable resources* as well as the *available balances of these resources* at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the Village's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting with the exception of the section 8 fund where the accrual basis of accounting is utilized.

Because the focus of governmental funds is for the much narrower current period, it is useful to compare this information to the data presented in the *government-wide* financial statements in order to better understand the long-term impact of the Village's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village has six individual governmental funds: general fund, capital projects fund, community development fund, section 8 housing fund, special purpose fund and debt service fund. Of these, the general and capital projects funds are reported as major funds and are presented in separate columns on the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column on these statements. Individual fund data for these non-major funds can be found on the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual budget for its general fund and debt service fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - The Village maintains two different types of proprietary funds: <u>enterprise</u> funds and <u>internal service funds</u>. These funds are used to show activities that operate similar to private business enterprises and charge fees for services provided. Proprietary fund financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, like the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water and electric activities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. Within the internal service fund, the Village accounts for its activities related to workers' compensation benefits, general liability claims and unemployment claims.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the Village. The fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the assets of these funds are not available to support the activities of the Village.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements. These include the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and proprietary funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows resources by \$31,493,278 for fiscal year ended May 31, 2020.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

		May 31, 2020			May 31, 2019	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current Assets	\$ 20,167,710	\$ 29,020,633	\$ 49,188,343	\$ 23,834,747	\$ 30,963,860	\$ 54,798,607
Capital Assets, Net	80,428,492	77,321,606	157,750,098	79,229,989	77,631,771	156,861,760
Total Assets	100,596,202	106,342,239	206,938,441	103,064,736	108,595,631	211,660,367
Deferred Outflows of						
Resources	20,772,899	3,643,437	24,416,336	5,696,548	1,008,016	6,704,564
Current Liabilities	3,431,560	6,586,947	10,018,507	7,282,696	7,485,913	14,768,609
Non-current Liabilities	190,824,139	55,282,603	246,106,742	172,491,134	54,315,718	226,806,852
Total Liabilitiles	194,255,699	61,869,550	256,125,249	179,773,830	61,801,631	241,575,461
Deferred Inflows of						
Resources	5,898,129	824,677	6,722,806	2,079,640	386,056	2,465,696
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	53,688,438	46,163,617	99,852,055	50,373,788	43,761,506	94,135,294
Restricted	1,942,832		1,942,832	1,712,051		1,712,051
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(134,415,997)	1,127,832	(133,288,165)	(125,178,025)	3,654,454	(121,523,571)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (78,784,727)	\$ 47,291,449	\$ (31,493,278)	\$ (73,092,186)	\$ 47,415,960	\$ (25,676,226)

The largest component of the Village's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets amounting to \$99,852,055. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and, consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be utilized to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$1,942,832 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restrictions are for the following purposes:

	May	31,
	2020	2019
Employee benefit		
accrued liability	\$ 1,161,046	\$ 1,143,485
Debt service	498,058	433,638
Special purpose - culture and recreation		
and public safety	283,728	134,928
Total	\$ 1,942,832	\$ 1,712,051

Unrestricted net deficit totaled \$133,288,165. This amount is comprised of governmental activities net deficit totaling \$134,415,997 and business-type activities net position totaling \$1,127,832. The deficit in governmental activities net position is primarily due to (1) compensated absences of approximately \$10 million, (2) total other post-employment benefit obligations and the increase in deferred inflows related to the other post-employment benefit obligations offset by related deferred outflows recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, for a total of approximately \$129 million and (3) an increase in the Village's net pension liability – proportionate share, offset by a decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions and an increase in deferred outflows related to pensions.

The following table reflects the changes in net position from operating results:

		May 31, 2020			M	lay 31, 2019	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services:	\$ 10,187,052	\$ 28,006,498	\$ 38,193,550	\$ 11,427,610	\$	31,938,226	\$ 43,365,836
Operating grants and							
contributions	3,514,150		3,514,150	3,100,782		2,867,550	5,968,332
Capital grants and							
contributions	660,844		660,844	614,100			614,100
General Revenues:			-				
Real property taxes	30,582,639		30,582,639	29,819,715			29,819,715
Other payments in lieu of taxes	724,864		724,864	707,531			707,531
Interest and penalties on taxes	129,425		129,425	119,256			119,256
Utilities	160,096		160,096	181,629			181,629
Non property taxes	66,749		66,749	66,749			66749
Unrestricted use of							
money and property	265,660	303,296	568,956	345,477		298,223	643,700
State and federal aid	1,039,986	0.00 V.50.0 *0.000, 0.00	1,039,986	1,006,699			1,006,699
Miscellaneous	1,076,761		1,076,761	999,355			999,355
Total Revenues	48,408,226	28,309,794	76,718,020	48,388,903		35,103,999	83,492,902
Special item (see note 19)		441,575	441,575			4,442,833	4,442,833
Total Revenues and Special Items	48,408,226	28,751,369	77,159,595	48,388,903		39,546,832	87,935,735
Program Expenses:							
General government and administration	7,713,661		7,713,661	7,148,211			7,148,211
Public safety	25,265,124		25,265,124	22,483,768			22,483,768
Health	86,553		86,553	63,383			63,383
Transportation	4,953,806		4,953,806	(283,145			(283,145)
Economic opportunity and				(,			
development	2,951,642		2,951,642	2,973,817			2,973,817
Culture and recreation	5,846,228		5,846,228	4,540,236			4,540,236
Home and community			-				-
services	6,498,299		6,498,299	5,719,709			5,719,709
Interest	785,454		785,454	789,605			789,605
Water	3	5,516,509	5,516,509	1.23,76.36		5,341,379	5,341,379
Electric		23,359,371	 23,359,371			26,415,620	26,415,620
Total expenses	54,100,767	28,875,880	82,976,647	43,435,584		31,756,999	75,192,583
Change in Net Position	(5,692,541)	(124,511)	(5,817,052)	4,953,319		7,789,833	12,743,152
Net Position (Deficit) - beginning of year	(73,092,186)	47,415,960	(25,676,226)	(78,045,505		39,626,127	(38,419,378)
Net Position (Deficit) - end of year	\$ (78,784,727)		\$ (31,493,278)	\$ (73,092,186		47,415,960	\$ (25,676,226)

Governmental activities. As discussed previously, governmental activities resulted in a \$5,692,541 decrease in the Village's net position during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities reflected a net deficit of \$78,784,727 as opposed to a net deficit of \$73,092,186 for 2019, based on total revenues of \$48,408,226 and total expenses of \$54,100,767.

Property taxes (\$30.58 million) and charges for services (\$10.19 million) represented the largest revenue sources. Property taxes grew 2.56% due to a real estate tax rate increase of 2.87%. Collection of the current tax levy remains very strong at nearly 100%. Operating grants and contributions for general governmental activities increased by \$413,368 during the current fiscal year. Capital grants and contributions for general governmental activities increased by \$46,744.

Public safety expenses totaled \$25.27 million and represented 46.7% of total expenses. Culture and recreation expenses totaled \$5.85 million and reflected the Village's continuing commitment to its parks and recreation programs. Additional total other post-employment benefits obligations and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of \$129 million recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 and the change in net pension liability—proportionate share and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 of approximately \$7.5 million were the primary reasons for the decrease in net position.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities reflected a net position totaling \$47,291,449 of which the water and electric funds totals were \$29,516,010 and \$17,775,439, respectively. Electric fund metered sales totaled \$22,030,305, a decrease from \$26,035,837 in fiscal year 2019. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in consumption. Metered sales in the water fund increased from \$5,229,468 in fiscal year 2019 to \$5,534,086 in fiscal year 2020 due to increased usage. Purchased power and production for the electric fund changed from \$12,220,190 and \$2,685,647, respectively in fiscal year 2019 to \$8,971,745 and \$2,175,075, respectively in fiscal year 2020, due to a decrease in corresponding sales.

Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$13,932,968, an increase of \$73,213 from the prior year. Of the total combined fund balance, \$6,286,890 constitutes unassigned fund balance in the general fund, \$3,818,288 constitutes assigned fund balance in the general fund, \$195,566 constitutes unassigned deficit balance in the section 8 housing fund, \$1,836,740 constitutes assigned unappropriated fund balance in the capital projects fund, \$65,326 is assigned for the community development fund, \$21,421 is nonspendable fund balance in the general fund, and \$2,099,869 constitutes aggregate restricted fund balance in all governmental funds.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the general fund was \$11,287,645 compared to \$10,442,072 at May 31, 2019. Of the general fund fund balance, \$5,000,755 is either assigned, restricted or nonspendable and therefore is not available for discretionary spending. The assigned fund balance is comprised of \$2,024,956 for future real estate certiorari settlements, \$1,675,000 was designated for the subsequent fiscal year's budget and \$118,332 to liquidate contracts and purchase orders.

The general fund revenues and other financing sources aggregate amount was \$44,035,225 in fiscal 2020, a decrease of \$708,244 from fiscal year 2019. Real property taxes totaled \$30,582,639, an increase of \$762,924 or 2.56% from fiscal year 2019 and represented the single largest revenue source at 69.45% of total general fund revenues. Parks and recreation charges totaled \$1,244,334, a decrease of \$552,537 from fiscal year 2019. Building and alteration permits decreased by \$348,739, from \$1,325,716 in fiscal year 2019 to \$976,977 in fiscal year 2020, primarily due to COVID-19 closures. Parking meter revenues decreased from \$1,314,266 in fiscal year 2019 to \$1,029,688 in fiscal 2020 due to a decrease in usage related to COVID-19. Interfund revenues generated from charges to the water and electric funds increased by \$113,405, to a total of \$4,059,272, primarily as a result of increases to reimbursements for wages and benefit expenditures.

Once again, public safety represented the largest expenditure category totaling \$11,673,042, a \$346,610 decrease from fiscal year 2019. Employee benefits increased from \$11,561,989 in fiscal year 2019 to \$11,648,362 in fiscal year 2020. Health insurance related expenditures increased from \$6,145,180 in fiscal year 2019 to \$6,199,498 in fiscal year 2020. General government support expenditures aggregated \$4,984,658, a decrease of \$258,345 from fiscal year 2019 largely due to a decrease in tax certiorari payments. Lastly, transfers to other funds decreased by \$854,382 from \$5,679,510 during fiscal year 2019 to \$4,825,128 during fiscal 2020 due to existing long-term debt decreasing as no new additional issuances were made.

The capital projects fund is used to account for capital project activity throughout the Village, exclusive of activity in the water and electric enterprise funds. The fund balance totaled \$1,993,777, a decrease of \$1,023,354 from fiscal year 2019. Expenditures totaled \$2,584,198 in fiscal year 2020, a \$3,026,391 decrease from fiscal year 2019. Capital projects during fiscal 2020 included road improvements, the renovation of Village buildings, parks and recreation and public safety.

Non-major governmental funds consist of special revenue funds and the debt service fund. The special revenue funds are made up of the following individual funds: community development, section 8 housing and special purpose. For fiscal year 2020, the combined fund balance of the non-major governmental funds totaled \$651,546. The special purpose fund portion of the fund balance totaled \$283,728 and consisted of a reserve for trusts to be utilized for recreational and police purposes. The community development fund had an assigned fund balance of \$65,326. The section 8 housing fund had an unassigned fund deficit balance of \$195,566.

The debt service fund had a total fund balance at May 31, 2020 of \$498,058 all of which was restricted for future debt service purposes. At May 31, 2019, the debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$433,638. Debt service expenditures for fiscal year 2020 totaled \$4,257,476, an increase of \$64,420 from fiscal year 2019.

Proprietary funds. The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position totaled \$47,291,449 at the end of fiscal year 2020 compared to \$47,415,960 at May 31, 2019. Other factors concerning the finances of the enterprise fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

There is no net position reported in the Village's internal service fund. It has been the Village's practice to have the general and enterprise funds transfer the necessary amounts to meet all projected general liability, unemployment and worker's compensation expenditures on an annual basis.

Budgetary Highlights

The Village adopts annual operating budgets for its general and debt service funds and reports the results of operations on a budgetary comparison basis. The Village also used budget estimates as a management tool for its enterprise and internal service funds, although the Village does not report the results of these funds on a budgetary comparison basis. The capital projects fund is budgeted on a project basis.

In preparing its budget, the Village attempts to estimate its revenues and expenditures using realistic, but conservative methods so as to budget its operations in a prudent manner. As a result, the Board of Trustees adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and availability of additional revenues to allow for expansion of existing or creation of new programs.

The final amended general fund budget reflected a \$400,000 increase in appropriations from the original budget for Board approved transfers to the capital fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Village's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of May 31, 2020 amount to \$157,750,098 (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings and equipment, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (in thousands)

		May 3	31, 2020				May	31, 2019	
	 vernmental ctivities		ness-type ctivities	Total	-	vernmental ctivities		iness-type ctivities	Total
Land	\$ 4,576	\$	376	\$ 4,952	\$	4,576	\$	376	\$ 4,952
Buildings and									
Equipment	27,688		68,161	95,849		23,119		67,838	90,957
Infrastructure	24,301			24,301		24,899			24,899
Construction-									
in-Progress	23,863		8,785	32,648		26,636		9,418	36,054
Total	\$ 80,428	\$	77,322	\$ 157,750	\$	79,230	\$	77,632	\$ 156,862

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 8 in the notes to financial statements.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total debt outstanding of \$57,090,000 compared to \$63,075,000 at May 31, 2019. The Village's total long-term debt decreased by \$5,985,000 from the prior fiscal year. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds (in thousands)

	Govern Activ	 al	Busines Activ	 oe	To	tal	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020		2019
General Obligation							7-
Bonds	\$ 26,427	\$ 29,745	\$ 30,663	\$ 33,330	\$ 57,090	\$	63,075

Through sound financial management, effective budgetary controls and manageable debt levels, the Village has been successful in receiving its high-grade ratings for its general obligation bonds. The Village enjoys bond ratings of Aa2 from Moody's Investors Service and AAA from Standard and Poor's. These ratings place the Village in the upper tier of rated Villages on Long Island.

The New York State Constitution limits the amount of indebtedness, both long-term and short-term, which the Village may incur. The State Constitution provides that the Village may not contract indebtedness in an amount greater than seven percent of the average full value of taxable real property in the Village for the most recent five years. Certain indebtedness is excluded in determining the Village's authority to contract indebtedness within the constitutional limits;

accordingly, debt of this kind, commonly referred to as "excluded debt", may be issued without regard to the constitutional limits and without affecting the Village's authority to issue debt subject to the limit. At May 31, 2020, the Village had a constitutional debt limit in excess of \$302 million. Total debt for both governmental and business-type activities is well below this amount.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 in the notes to financial statements.

Economic Factors and Fiscal Year 2020 Budget

The Village continues to enjoy both strong economic and fiscal health. The U.S. Census Bureau reported 2019 estimated median household and per capita incomes at \$114,483 and \$61,730, which are 75% and 65% above the 2019 estimated New York State averages respectively. An estimated 4.4% of the population is living below the poverty level, 66% below the estimated New York State average.

The fiscal 2021 budget contained a 2.88% real estate tax rate increase. This is the seventh consecutive year the board of trustees had kept the adopted budget under the state's tax cap. Historically, annual real estate tax collections have averaged 99%.

The following revenue source is expected to experience budget growth in 2021: Payments in lieu of taxes from \$710,000 to \$725,000.

The following revenue sources are expected to experience budget decline in 2021: Parking meter fees from \$1,323,000 to \$1,050,000, parks and recreation from \$2,100,000 to \$1,735,000, buildings and alterations from \$1,200,000 to \$1,070,000, a decline in forfeitures from \$1,150,000 to \$850,000, and a decline in intergovernmental charges from \$4,240,000 to \$3,984,000.

The fiscal 2021 budget assumes expenditures will be relatively consistent assuming a 0.6% increase in total expenditures. Employee benefits including health insurance and retirement systems expenditures are anticipated to decrease by approximately \$139,273 for 2021.

The schedule below provides the budget growth in funding premiums from the New York State Retirement Systems during the last twelve fiscal years.

Adopted General fund Budget for Retirement Systems

2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015
\$ 1,582,000	\$ 2,213,000	\$ 2,692,000	\$ 3,566,512	\$_	4,117,926	\$ 4,080,000
2016	2017	2018	2019		2020	2021

The budgeted amount for expenditures related to debt for the fiscal year 2021 is \$3,734,427 compared to \$4,317,476 during fiscal year 2020.

Health insurance related expenditures continue to grow. The schedule below reveals the budget growth in this category during the last twelve fiscal years.

Adopted General fund Budget for Health Insurance

2010	2011	2012		2013	2014	2015
\$ 3,616,000	\$ 3,852,000	\$ 4,322,770	\$	4,537,000	\$ 4,690,674	\$ 4,653,000
2016	2017	2018	4.	2019	2020	2021

The health insurance budget has increased 77% between fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2021. The fiscal year 2021 budget for health insurance is \$6,400,000, which remains unchanged from fiscal year 2020. Short term health insurance premium increases are expected to continue at the same pace as in recent fiscal years. However, there is some concern that long term premium increases may experience more significant growth in response to federal health care reform.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Dennis Morgan, Comptroller, Village of Rockville Centre, PO Box 950, Rockville Centre, NY 11571-0950, telephone (516) 678-9228 or visit the Village's web site at www.rvcny.us.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2020

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	Activities	retivities	1000
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 16,449,26	0 \$ 18,104,836	\$ 34,554,096
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	2,397,81	5	2,397,815
Other receivables:			
Accounts, net	367,90	6,357,379	6,725,280
State and federal aid	184,86	9	184,869
Due from other governments	573,38		573,384
Internal balances	(116,96		-
Prepaid expenses	311,44		1,694,432
Inventories		3,058,467	3,058,467
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		2,000,000	-,,
Land	4,576,37	8 375,885	4,952,263
Construction-in-progress	23,863,33		32,648,068
Buildings and equipment	27,688,44		95,849,431
	See a Comment of the		are principles of the period
Infrastructure	24,300,33		24,300,336
TOTAL ASSETS	100,596,20	106,342,239	206,938,441
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	12,515,74		14,957,659
Other post-employment benefits obligation	8,257,15		9,361,143
Deferred charge on refunding		97,534	97,534
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	20,772,89	9 3,643,437	24,416,336
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES	121,369,10	109,985,676	231,354,777
LIABILITIES			
Payables			
Accounts payable	966,61	0 897,872	1,864,482
Accrued liabilities	1,518,47		2,253,661
Due to fiduciary fund	121,00	26.	121,002
Accrued interest payable	150,56		342,383
Due to other governments	2,61		2,610
Customer deposits	2,01	1,521,938	1,521,938
	540.03		for a soft warm
Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues	549,03	9 99,606	648,645
	122.25	0 2 140 527	2 262 706
Collections in advance	123,25	9 3,140,527	3,263,786
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year			
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	3,098,35		6,026,573
Claims payable	1,062,41		1,062,416
Compensated absences	255,28	8 65,590	320,878
Due in more than one year			
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	23,798,73	4 28,327,307	52,126,041
Claims payable	1,354,98	66	1,354,986
Compensated absences	9,956,24		12,514,243
Net pension liability - proportionate share	19,460,82		23,237,637
Total other post-employment benefits obligations	131,837,28		149,463,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES	194,255,69		256,125,249
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions	591,13	0 115,130	706,260
Other post-employment benefits obligation	5,306,99		6,016,546
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,898,12		6,722,806
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	53,688,43	8 46,163,617	99,852,055
Restricted for:	55,000,45	_ 10,105,017	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Employee benefit accrued liability	1 161 04	6	1,161,046
	1,161,04		
Debt service	498,05		498,058
Special purpose	283,72		283,728
Unrestricted (deficit)	(134,415,99		(133,288,165
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (78,784,72	(7) \$ 47,291,449	\$ (31,493,278)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

			Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) l	Revenue and Chang	e in Net Position
					I	rimary Governmen	ıt
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS							
Governmental Activities							
General government and administration	\$ 7,713,661	\$ 5,512,647	\$ 30,977	\$ -	\$ (2,170,037)	\$ -	\$ (2,170,037)
Public safety	25,265,124	3,037,565			(22,227,559)		(22,227,559)
Health	86,553	116,826			30,273		30,273
Transportation	4,953,806			610,844	(4,342,962)		(4,342,962)
Economic opportunity and development	2,951,642	4,877	2,911,514		(35,251)		(35,251)
Culture and recreation	5,846,228	1,287,230	110,581	50,000	(4,398,417)		(4,398,417)
Home and community services	6,498,299	227,907	461,078		(5,809,314)		(5,809,314)
Interest	785,454				(785,454)		(785,454)
Total Governmental Activities	54,100,767	10,187,052	3,514,150	660,844	(39,738,721)	•	(39,738,721)
Business-Type Activities							
Water fund	5,516,509	5,711,479				194,970	194,970
Electric fund	23,359,371	22,295,019				(1,064,352)	(1,064,352)
Total Business-Type Activities	28,875,880	28,006,498	-			(869,382)	(869,382)
Total Primary Government	\$ 82,976,647	\$ 38,193,550	\$ 3,514,150	\$ 660,844	(39,738,721)	(869,382)	(40,608,103)
GENERAL REVENUES							
Real property taxes, levied for general purp	ose				30,582,639		30,582,639
Other payments in lieu of taxes					724,864		724,864
Interest and penalties on taxes					129,425		129,425
Utilities					160,096		160,096
Non-property taxes					66,749		66,749
Use of money and property					265,660	303,296	568,956
State aid (unrestricted)					1,039,986		1,039,986
Miscellaneous					1,076,761		1,076,761
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES					34,046,180	303,296	34,349,476
SPECIAL ITEM (SEE NOTE 19)							
Sale of cellular leases						441,575	441,575
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					(5,692,541)	(124,511)	(5,817,052)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEG	INNING OF YEA	AR			(73,092,186)	47,415,960	(25,676,226)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END	OF YEAR				\$ (78,784,727)	\$ 47,291,449	\$ (31,493,278)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2020

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Non-Major vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	11,344,466	\$	2,584,440	\$	94,733	\$	14,023,639
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		1,161,046		157,037		1,079,732		2,397,815
Other receivables:								
Accounts, net		361,076				6,825		367,901
State and federal aid		136,965		47,904				184,869
Due from other governments		273,647				299,737		573,384
Due from other funds		825,205				187,653		1,012,858
Prepaid expenditures		21,421					_	21,421
TOTAL ASSETS		14,123,826		2,789,381		1,668,680	_	18,581,887
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Other post-employment benefits obligation						34,361		34,361
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	14,123,826	\$	2,789,381	\$	1,703,041	e	19 616 249
OF RESOURCES	Φ	14,123,820	Φ	2,769,361	Φ	1,703,041	Φ	18,616,248
LIABILITIES								
Payables								
Accounts payable	\$	616,464	\$	5,207	\$	254,053	\$	875,724
Accrued liabilities		1,481,234		9,581		576,282		2,067,097
Due to other governments		2,610						2,610
Due to retirement systems		544,963				4,076		549,039
Due to other funds		67,651		780,816		195,000		1,043,467
Unearned revenues								
Collections in advance		123,259					_	123,259
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,836,181		795,604		1,029,411	_	4,661,196
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Other post-employment benefits obligation						22,084	_	22,084
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		21,421						21,421
Restricted		1,161,046				781,786		1,942,832
Restricted (unspent proceeds)				157,037				157,037
Assigned (community development)						65,326		65,326
Assigned (tax certiorari)		2,024,956						2,024,956
Assigned (appropriated)		1,675,000						1,675,000
Assigned (unappropriated)		118,332		1,836,740				1,955,072
Unassigned		6,286,890		C., .		(195,566)		6,091,324
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		11,287,645		1,993,777		651,546		13,932,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		14,123,826	\$	2,789,381	\$	1,703,041	\$	18,616,248

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 13,932,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognized revenues and expendituunder the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue and expenditures under the modified accrual method. Deferred inflows of resources will be recorded on the Statement of Net Position and amortized as a reduction of expense in future years.	res	
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to total OPEB liability	\$ (591,130) (5,284,915)	(5,876,045)
Deferred outflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognizes expenditures incurred under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize expenditures under the modified accrual method. Deferred outflows that will be recognized as expenditures in future periods amounted to:		
	\$ 12,515,741 8,222,797	20,738,538
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position include those capital assets among the assets of the Village as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.		
Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 123,574,804 (43,146,312)	80,428,492
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. This is the total assets of the internal service fund less current liabilities, excluding current portion of claims payable, reported on the Statement of Net Position.		2,417,402
Interest payable applicable to the Village's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the funds.		
However, these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position.		(150,564)
Premium on bond refunding and serial bonds. The Statement of Activities will amortize the premium on bond refunding and serial bonds over the life of the bonds. Governmental funds recorded the premiums as a revenue in the year of issue.		(470,562)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		,
Compensated absences Claims payable Bonds payable Net pension liability - proportionate share	\$ (10,211,531) (2,417,402) (26,426,529) (19,460,828)	
Total other post-employment benefits obligation	(131,288,666)	(189,804,956)
Total Net Position		\$(78,784,727)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

	General Projects Govern		Projects C		Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
Real property taxes	\$ 30,582,639	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,582,639		
Other tax items	1,081,134						1,081,134		
Departmental income	3,674,546				4,877		3,679,423		
Use of money & property	247,533		57,079		9,818		314,430		
Licenses & permits	1,384,982						1,384,982		
Fines & forfeitures	897,780						897,780		
Sale of property & compensation for loss	25,618						25,618		
Intergovernmental charges	4,059,272						4,059,272		
State and county aid	1,150,567		610,844				1,761,411		
Federal aid	30,977				3,372,592		3,403,569		
Miscellaneous	885,097		50,000		282,872		1,217,969		
TOTAL REVENUES	44,020,145		717,923		3,670,159		48,408,227		
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government support	4,984,658						4,984,658		
Public safety	11,673,042						11,673,042		
Health	68,006						68,006		
Transportation	2,450,726						2,450,726		
Economic opportunity and development	70,546				2,846,277		2,916,823		
Culture and recreation	3,192,688				134,072		3,326,760		
Home and community services	3,817,496				528,728		4,346,224		
Employee benefits	11,648,362				34,819		11,683,181		
Debt service:	11,010,002				5 1,015		,000,.0.		
Principal					3,318,470		3,318,470		
Interest	60,000				939,006		999,006		
Capital outlay	00,000		2,584,198		757,000		2,584,198		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	37,965,524		2,584,198		7,801,372		48,351,094		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)									
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 6,054,621		(1,866,275)		(4,131,213)		57,133		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)									
Premium on obligations	16,080						16,080		
Interfund revenues									
Transfers in			900,000		4,382,207		5,282,207		
Transfers (out)	 (5,225,128)		(57,079)		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(5,282,207)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	 (5,209,048)		842,921		4,382,207		16,080		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	845,573		(1,023,354)		250,994		73,213		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 10,442,072		3,017,131	y,	400,552		13,859,755		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,287,645	\$	1,993,777	\$	651,546	\$	13,932,968		

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances		\$ 73,213
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacation, sick, and terminal leave) are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences from May 31, 2019 to May 31, 2020 changed by:		(197,056)
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension liability, and total other post-employment benefits obligation and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Other post-employment benefits obligation Employees' retirement system Police and Firemen's retirement system	\$ (6,390,139) (1,466,634) (2,426,371)	(10,283,144)
Capital Related Differences Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Capital outlays Capital asset additions Loss on disposal Depreciation expense	\$ 2,584,198 2,793,916 (618,823) (3,560,788)	1,198,503
Long-Term Debt Differences Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		3,318,471
Governmental funds report the premiums, discounts and similar items on the refunded debt when the debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Amortization for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020 was:		113,992
Deferred charges are amortized in the Statement of Net Position over the life of the bond. Governmental funds recorded the charges as expenditures in the year received. Amortization for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020 was:		(72,913)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and this requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statements of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest from May 31, 2019 to		
May 31, 2020 changed by:		156,393
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (5,692,541)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS MAY 31, 2020

	Bu	Governmental Activities -		
	***	mt	m . 1	Internal Service
ASSETS	Water	Electric	Totals	Fund
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,141,780	\$ 9,963,056	\$ 18,104,836	\$ 2,425,621
Receivables	• •,•••,••	* >,> 00,000		-,,
Accounts, net	2,672,242	3,685,137	6,357,379	
Due from other funds	27,026	89,942	116,968	
Prepaid expenses	,0-0	1,382,983	1,382,983	290,028
Inventories	212,773	2,845,694	3,058,467	,
Total Current Assets	11,053,821	17,966,812	29,020,633	2,715,649
Non-Current Assets				
Land	327,271	48,614	375,885	
Construction-in-progress	6,995,296	1,789,439	8,784,735	
Buildings and equipment	47,877,974	69,715,141	117,593,115	
	55,200,541	71,553,194	126,753,735	
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(13,200,994)	(36,231,135)	(49,432,129)	
Total Non-Current Assets	41,999,547	35,322,059	77,321,606	
TOTAL ASSETS	53,053,368	53,288,871	106,342,239	2,715,649
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				-,-,-
	207 411	2.054.507	2 441 010	
Pensions	387,411	2,054,507	2,441,918	
Other post-employment benefits obligations	149,788	954,197	1,103,985	
Deferred charge on refunding	527 100	97,534	97,534	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	537,199	3,106,238	3,643,437	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES	53,590,567	56,395,109	109,985,676	2,715,649
LIABILITIES				
Payables				
Accounts payable	8,146	889,726	897,872	90,886
Accrued liabilities	51,565	683,620	735,185	
Accrued interest	113,586	78,233	191,819	
Due to other funds	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		207,361
Customer deposits	34,547	1,487,391	1,521,938	
Due to retirement system	15,814	83,792	99,606	
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	1,886,840	1,041,376	2,928,216	
Claims payable	-,,-	-,,	-,,	1,062,416
Compensated absences	8,129	57,461	65,590	1,000,110
Unearned revenue	0,1-2	27,132	00,000	
Collections in advance	68,595	3,071,932	3,140,527	
Total Current Liabilities	2,187,222	7,393,531	9,580,753	1,360,663
Non-Current Liabilities				
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	18,465,031	9,862,276	28,327,307	
Claims payable				1,354,986
Compensated absences	317,024	2,240,976	2,558,000	
Net pension liability - proportionate share	599,173	3,177,636	3,776,809	
Total other post-employment benefits obligations	2,391,571	15,235,110	17,626,681	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	21,772,799	30,515,998	52,288,797	1,354,986
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,960,021	37,909,529	61,869,550	2,715,649
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions	18,265	96,865	115,130	
Other post-employment benefits obligations	96,271	613,276	709,547	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	114,536	710,141	824,677	
	,000			-
NET POSITION	01 (12 (2)	04.515.045	46 160 61-	
Net investment in capital assets	21,647,676	24,515,941	46,163,617	
Unrestricted	7,868,334	(6,740,502)	1,127,832	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 29,516,010	\$ 17,775,439	\$ 47,291,449	\$ -

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

	E	Governmental Activities -		
	Water	Electric	Totals	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Metered sales	\$ 5,534,086	\$ 22,030,305	\$ 27,564,391	\$ -
Penalty income	96,109	41,142	137,251	
Risk management				2,060,970
Miscellaneous	14,727	55,576	70,303	
Total operating revenues	5,644,922	22,127,023	27,771,945	2,060,970
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Purchased power	119,522	8,971,745	9,091,267	
Depreciation	1,056,897	1,374,333	2,431,230	
Maintenance	533,313	47,960	581,273	
Interfund charges	577,830	2,862,712	3,440,542	
Production	,	2,175,075	2,175,075	
Transmission and distribution	938,420	1,643,060	2,581,480	
Street lighting		180,240	180,240	
General and administrative	1,065,714	1,858,543	2,924,257	503,779
Employee benefits	568,996	3,647,771	4,216,767	681,977
Insurance	75,000	258,333	333,333	673,957
Customer deposit interest		10,253	10,253	
Judgments and claims		,		236,639
Total operating expenses	4,935,692	23,030,025	27,965,717	2,096,352
Operating income (loss)	709,230	(903,002)	(193,772)	(35,382)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Rental income	66,557	167,996	234,553	
Interest income	130,121	173,175	303,296	35,382
Interest expense	(580,817)	(329,346)	(910,163)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(384,139)	11,825	(372,314)	35,382
SPECIAL ITEM (SEE NOTE 19)				
Sale of cellular leases	441,575		441,575	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	766,666	(891,177)	(124,511)	
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,749,344	18,666,616	47,415,960	
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 29,516,010	\$ 17,775,439	\$ 47,291,449	\$ -

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities - Internal Service		
	Water	Electric	Totals	IIIC	Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Revenue collected:							
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 8,067,905	\$ 24,981,747	\$ 33,049,652	\$	2,060,970		
Internal activity-payments to other funds for expense reimbursements	(27,026)	(81,877)	(108,903)				
Payments for expenses:							
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	(2,467,319)	(19,061,979)	(21,529,299)				
Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants					(1,621,279)		
Cash payments to employees for services and related expenses	(1,671,256)	(5,369,074)	(7,040,330)		(681,977)		
Cash payments to customers on deposit - interest		(10,253)	(10,253)				
Internal activity-payments to other funds for expense reimbursements	(11,300)		(925,268)		244,021		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	3,891,004	(455,404)	3,435,600		1,735		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchases of capital assets	(1,835,315)	(285,750)	(2,121,065)				
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,740,069)	(926,460)	(2,666,529)				
Interest paid on capital debt	(713,004)	(420,939)	(1,133,943)				
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(4,288,388)	(1,633,149)	(5,921,537)		-		
	(1,200,000)	(1,555,115)					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest and rental income	196,678	341,171	537,849		35,382		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	638,253	341,171	979,424		35,382		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	240,869	(1,747,382)	(1,506,513)		37,117		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	7,900,911	11,710,438	19,611,349	_	2,388,504		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 8,141,780	\$ 9,963,056	\$ 18,104,836	_\$_	2,425,621		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH							
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 709,230	\$ (903,002)	\$ (193,772)	\$	(35,382)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation expense	1,056,897	1,374,333	2,431,230				
Decrease (increase) in:							
Accounts receivable	2,412,556	(279,281)	2,133,275		*****		
Due from other funds	(27,026)	(81,877)	(108,903)		36,660		
Prepaid expenses	(0.000)	(1,382,983)	(1,382,983)		(7,916)		
Inventory	(3,339)	(190,036)	(193,375)				
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable	3,616	(1,993,755)	(1,990,139)		(126,779)		
Accrued liabilities	(502,444)	(1,380,361)	(1,882,805)				
Due to other funds	(11,300)		(11,300)		207,361		
Claims payable					(72,209)		
Customer deposits	1,480	62,073	63,553				
Collections in advance	8,947	3,071,932	3,080,879				
Due to employees' retirement system	1,090	6,489	7,579				
Compensated absences	14,513	(99,384)	(84,871)				
Pension amounts	110,381	598,918	709,299				
Other post-employment benefits obligations	116,403	741,530	857,933				

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS MAY 31, 2020

	Agency Fund		Pension Trust Fund		
ASSETS	-				
Cash	\$	199,413	\$	_	
Investments-mutual funds, at fair value				4,882,464	
Due from governmental funds		121,002			
Accounts receivable		2,044			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	322,459	\$	4,882,464	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	10,313	\$		
Deposits		124,926			
Other liabilities		187,220			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	322,459	\$	-	
NET POSITION					
Net position restricted for pensions			\$	4,882,464	

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

		Pension Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS				
Interest and net change in fair value of investments	\$	425,852		
TOTAL ADDITIONS		425,852		
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension benefits		137,165		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	=621	137,165		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		288,687		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,593,777		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	4,882,464		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A) General statement:

The Village of Rockville Centre (the "Village") was incorporated pursuant to an act of the New York State Legislature in July 1893. The Village operates under a Board of Trustees form of government in accordance with New York State Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general administrative support.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Village are described below:

B) Financial reporting entity:

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity; Omnibus- An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The financial reporting entity consists of: (a) the primary government, which is the Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village is based on several criteria, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability.

Based on the application criteria, the following is a summary of an entity that is accounted for as a blended component unit in the Village's basic financial statements. The Village of Rockville Centre Community Development Agency (the "Agency") is a separate public benefit corporation created by state legislation to promote the safety, health and welfare of the Village's inhabitants and to promote the sound growth and development of the Village. The Agency's management is designated by the Village Board and is substantively the same as the Village Board. The Village Board is financially accountable for the Agency. The Village acts as a pass-through entity for funding received from the Federal U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through contracts with the County of Nassau (the "County"). Due to the nature and significance of the relationship between the Village and Agency, exclusion of this component unit would cause the financial statements to be misleading. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the Village's reporting entity.

C) Basis of presentation:

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/net assets, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

i) Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Government-Wide Financial Statements (The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) present information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental activity's column, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financial accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and 3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues.

ii) Fund Financial Statements:

Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The Village has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds.

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> — General fund is the main operating fund of the Village. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other funds are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – Capital projects fund is used to account for funds received and expended for the construction, renovation, expansion and major improvement of various Village facilities, thoroughfares, arterial streets and drainage improvements, improvements and construction of parks and recreational facilities and acquisition of land and other large nonrecurring projects.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> —Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specified revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain defined purposes. The special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

<u>Community Development Fund</u> –This blended component unit is used to account for projects financed primarily by entitlements from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Section 8 Housing Fund – This fund is used to account for resources received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for housing assistance payment purposes. The fiscal year-end of the Section 8 Housing Fund is June 30, 2020.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> –This fund is used to account for various cultural, recreational and police activities. Financing is provided by fees.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

iii) Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fund Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

The Village reports the following proprietary funds.

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> – Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. The operations of the electric utility and water utility funds are recorded as enterprise funds.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> — Internal service funds of the Village (which provide services primarily to other funds of the Village) are presented, in summary form, as part of the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the Village's governmental activities, financial activities of the internal service funds are presented in the governmental activities column when presented at the government-wide level. The costs of these services are allocated to the appropriate function/program (general government, public safety, education, public works, health and human services, and culture and recreation) in the Statement of Activities. The Village has established its risk management activities for general liability, workers' compensation and unemployment benefits in an internal service fund.

iv) Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee or custodial capacity. These activities are not included in the Government-Wide Financial Statement, because their resources do not belong to the Village, and are not available to be used. The Village has represented the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Agency Fund</u> – This fund is strictly custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the Village as an agent for payroll liabilities, bid deposits, and tickets related to the justice court.

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for investments for the Fire Service Length of Service Award Program (Defined contribution pension plan) and is strictly custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is related to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The Section 8 Housing Fund is recorded on the accrual basis of accounting.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements, Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. Under the accrual basis revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled services which are accrued.

The Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting (with the exception of the Section 8 Housing Fund). Under the modified accrual method of accounting revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Village considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 60-day availability period is used for recognition of all other governmental fund revenues (with the exception of the Section 8 Housing Fund).

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Fines collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenues. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, net of pension liability, and other post-employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the internal service fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the costs of services, administrative expenses, depreciation costs and benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued on or before November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that they do not conflict or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business type activities and enterprise funds. The Village has elected to not follow subsequent private sector guidance.

E) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Village's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

F) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred items, and disclosure of contingent assets, liabilities and deferred items at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of capital assets, net pension liabilities, and other post-employment benefits.

G) Cash and cash equivalents:

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Statement of Cash Flows is presented used the direct method. Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations such as legal reserves, grants and debt agreements.

H) Taxes receivable:

Real property tax rates are set by the Board prior to May 1st, signed by the Mayor no later than May 31st and become an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st. Property taxes are due in two installments during June and December without penalty.

I) Other receivables:

Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are reported when accounts are deemed to be uncollectible.

J) Prepaid expenses/expenditures:

Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of insurance costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods.

K) Inventory:

The inventories reflected in the Proprietary Funds are stated at cost. Purchases of inventoriable items at other locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

L) Interfund transactions:

The operations of the Village include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The Village typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the Village's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Refer to Note 15 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

M) Capital assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements and in the Fund Financial Statements for the proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, as well as capital assets received in a concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant or equipment.

Assets capitalized, not including infrastructure assets, have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one year of useful life. Infrastructure assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e. those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e. estimating the current replace cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and equipment Infrastructure

5-50 years 20-50 years

N) Deferred outflows of resources:

In addition to assets, Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is a deferred charge on refunding in the which represents the unamortized portion of the deferred charge on refunding. The Village has two other items that qualify for reporting in this category. The two amounts are related to pensions and the other post-employment benefits liability and are detailed further in Notes 12 and 16.

O) Deferred inflows of resources:

In addition to liabilities, Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has two item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The two amounts are related to pensions and the other post-employment benefits liability and are detailed further in Notes 12 and 16.

P) Collections in advance:

Collections in advance arise when the Village receives resources before it has legal claim to them. In the general fund, monies received in advance were primarily for service assistance payments for the next fiscal year. In the proprietary funds, monies are received before services are delivered. In subsequent periods, when the recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded.

Q) Vested employee benefits:

Compensated absences:

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation and terminal leave.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts. Upon retirement or death, police officers may contractually receive a payment for a portion of their unused accumulated sick leave.

The Village employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the Government-Wide and the Proprietary Financial Statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates as mandated in employee contracts in effect at year end.

R) Other benefits:

Village employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System. In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Pursuant to contractual provisions, Village employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The Village recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure. In the Government-Wide and Business-Type Financial Statements, the cost of post-employment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

S) Short-term debt:

The Village may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue dated. The Village redeemed a BAN totaling \$2,000,000 November 21, 2019. See Note 10 for further detail.

T) Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations:

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, compensated absences, net pension liabilities, and other post-employment benefits obligations that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the Funds Financial Statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the Fund Financial Statements when due. Bonds payable are reported inclusive of applicable bond premiums. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expenditure/outflow of resources when incurred.

In the fund statements, only that portion of long-term obligations expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

On the Government-Wide Financial Statements, premiums related to the issuance of long-debt are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the issue and are presented as part of the general obligation bonds payable in the non-current liabilities.

Long-term obligations represent the Village's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

U) Equity classifications:

i) Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets including any deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to the outstanding debt, and excluding any unspent debt proceeds.

Restricted net position – reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position (deficit) – reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the Village.

ii) Fund Financial Statements:

In the Fund Financial Statements, there are four classifications of fund balance presented:

(1) <u>Restricted fund balance</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Village has classified the following as restricted:

Restricted for:	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total
Unspent bond proceeds	\$ -	\$ 157,037	\$ _	\$ 157,037
Employee benefit				
accrued liability	1,161,046			1,161,046
Debt service			498,058	498,058
Special purpose-culture and				
recreation and public safety			283,728	283,728
Total	\$ 1,161,046	\$ 157,037	\$ 781,786	\$ 2,099,869

The restricted fund balance in the special purpose fund (special purpose) may only be used for recreational and police programs.

(2) <u>Assigned fund balance</u> – As per the Village's fund balance policy, this includes amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the Village management through Board policies. The purchasing agent,

comptroller and the Board of Trustees have the responsibility to assign fund balance per their fund balance policy. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the general fund. The Village has classified the following as assigned:

Assigned for:	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Go	n-Major vernmental Funds	Total
Tax certiorari	\$ 2,024,956	\$ 1,836,740	\$	-	\$ 3,861,696
Fiscal year 2020-21 budget	1,675,000				1,675,000
Public safety	118,332				118,332
Community development				65,326	65,326
Total	\$ 3,818,288	\$ 1,836,740	\$	65,326	\$ 5,720,354

Encumbrances

Encumbrances have been assigned based upon the Village's intent to be used for a specific purpose such as general support, public safety, transportation, and culture and recreation. See Note 3 for further detail regarding accountability and Note 18 for further detail regarding significant encumbrances.

The Village has adopted a fund balance policy which authorizes the Board or their designated official to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Additionally, the Board of Trustees shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the purchasing agent who has the delegated authority to sign purchase orders.

- (3) Nonspendable fund balance —Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At May 31, 2020, the Village has \$\$21,421 in nonspendable fund balance for prepaid expenditures in the general fund.
- (4) <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> –Includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance includes \$8,361,890 in the general fund and a deficit of \$195,566 in the section 8 housing fund.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g., expenditures related to reserves), the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent there is an assignment and then to the unassigned balance.

V) Future changes in accounting standards:

GASB has issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for fiscal year ended May 31, 2021, which provides guidance for the reporting of certain legally enforceable liabilities associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset.

GASB has issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2021. It provides guidance for identifying fiduciary activities, primarily based on whether the government is controlling the assets, and the beneficiaries with whom the fiduciary relationship exists, and on how different fiduciary activities should be reported.

GASB has issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal year ended May 31, 2023. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the idea that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. As such, under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and the lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

These are the statements that the Village feels may have an impact on these financial statements and are not an all-inclusive list of GASB statements issued. The Village will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Fund Financial Statements and the Government-Wide Financial Statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A) Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the Village's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B) Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances vs. statement of activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into one of the three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

i) Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned.

Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

ii) Capital related differences:

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

iii) Long-term debt differences:

Long-term debt differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A) Budgetary data:

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- i) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Village Clerk a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and means of financing.
- ii) The Village Clerk then submits the tentative budget to the Village Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st.
- iii) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- iv) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- v) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the general and debt service funds.
- vi) Budgets for the general and debt service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The capital projects fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not adopted for the Community Development, Section 8 Housing, Special Purpose or Proprietary funds.
- vii) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.

viii) Appropriations in the general and debt service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated in the succeeding year, pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees. Individual amendments for the current year were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

B) Property tax limitation:

The Village is authorized by the State Constitution to levy taxes the lower of 2% or the rate of inflation, of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village and any amounts appropriated for debt service. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for 2019-2020 was \$83,726,408 which exceeded the actual levy by \$59,461,245.

C) Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to assign applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS:

A) Cash:

The Village's investment policies are governed by New York State statutes. In addition, the Village is required to have its own written investment policy. Village monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. While the Village does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the Village's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

All of the Village's aggregate bank balances were covered by depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions in the Village's name at year end. None were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year end.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of May 31, 2020 includes \$2,397,815 in the governmental funds.

B) <u>Investments:</u>

Investments in the Pension Trust Fund are stated at fair market value. These investments are not subject to risk categorization. See Note 14 for additional information.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES:

Receivable balances have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements. Receivables with allowances for uncollectible accounts as of May 31, 2020 are presented below.

		General Fund			Water Fund	Electric Fund	Section 8	
	R	Taxes Receivable		Accounts Leceivable	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Receivable	
Gross receivables Less: allowance for	\$	23,048	\$	546,654	\$ 2,674,766	\$ 4,090,863	\$	23,552
uncollectibles		(23,048)		(185,578)	(2,524)	(405,726)		(16,727)
Net receivables	\$	<u> </u>	\$	361,076	\$ 2,672,242	\$ 3,685,137	\$	6,825

NOTE 6 – STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLES:

State and federal aid receivables at May 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

Due from NYSDOT	 47,904
Capital Fund	45.004
Due from State -justice court fund	\$ 136,965

Village management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 7 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments at May 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

General Fund	
Due from Nassau County - mortgage tax	\$ 273,647

Community Development Fund

Due from Nassau Consortium 299,737

Total - Governmental funds \$ 573,384

Village management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible.

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

The breakdown by major asset groups at May 31, 2020 was as follows:

	1	Beginning								Ending
		Balance	£	Additions	-	<u> Transfers</u>	Ī	Disposals		Balance
Governmental Activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated										
Land	\$	4,576,378	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,576,378
Construction-in-progress		26,636,303		2,584,198		(5,357,168)				23,863,333
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		31,212,681		2,584,198		(5,357,168)	\$	-	_	28,439,711
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Building and equipment		38,565,335		986,126		5,357,168		(1,028,194)		43,880,435
Infrastructure	2010 02:0	49,486,468		1,807,790				(39,600)		51,254,658
Total capital assets, being depreciated		88,051,803		2,793,916		5,357,168		(1,067,794)		95,135,093
Less accumulated depreciation for										
Buildings and equipment		15,446,786		1,154,575				(409,371)		16,191,990
Infrastructure		24,587,709		2,406,213				(39,600)		26,954,322
Total accumulated depreciation		40,034,495		3,560,788				(448,971)		43,146,312
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		48,017,308		(766,872)		5,357,168		(618,823)		51,988,781
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	79,229,989	\$	1,817,326	\$		\$	(618,823)	\$	80,428,492
Business-Type Activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated										
Land	\$	375,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	375,885
Construction-in-progress		9,417,815		3,574,540		(3,076,560)		(1,131,060)		8,784,735
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,793,700		3,574,540		(3,076,560)		(1,131,060)		9,160,620
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Building and equipment		114,723,027		<u> </u>		3,076,560		(206,472)		117,593,115
Total capital assets, being depreciated		114,723,027				3,076,560	_	(206,472)		117,593,115
Less accumulated depreciation for										
Buildings and equipment		46,884,956		2,724,652				(177,479)		49,432,129
Total accumulated depreciation		46,884,956		2,724,652		-		(177,479)		49,432,129
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		67,838,071		(2,724,652)		3,076,560		(28,993)		68,160,986
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	77,631,771	\$	849,888	\$	-	\$	(1,160,053)	\$	77,321,606

Depreciation expense and loss on disposals were charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 431,725
Public safety	736,808
Transportation	2,552,139
Culture and recreation	388,302
Home and community services	70,637
Total	\$ 4,179,611

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

The deferred charge on refunding, as recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements as a deferred outflow of resources, as of May 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

	iness-Type ctivities
Loss on defeasance	\$ 97,534
Total deferred charge on refunding	\$ 97,534

The loss on defeasance pertaining to the 2012 refunding as recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements is being amortized using the straight-line method over 8 years, the time to maturity of the defeased bonds, at the time of refunding, as a component of interest expense.

NOTE 10 - SHORT-TERM DEBT:

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	nding lance
BAN	11/21/19	3.00%	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -
Tota	ıl		\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000	\$

The BAN was issued for interim financing of the new public safety building capital project. The Village received a premium of \$16,080.

NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Reclassed/ Redeemed	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Primary Government	ARRIVATE OF					
Governmental activities:						
General obligation debt:						
Bonds payable	\$ 29,745,000	\$ -	\$ 3,318,471	\$ 26,426,529	\$ 2,984,365	
Premiums	584,554		113,992	470,562	113,992	
Total bonds payable	30,329,554	-	3,432,463	26,897,091	3,098,357	
Other liabilities:						
Claims payable	2,489,611	846,407	918,616	2,417,402	1,062,416	
Compensated absences	10,014,475	291,706	94,650	10,211,531	255,288	
Net pension liability- proportionat	e					
share	5,763,200	16,803,314	3,105,686	19,460,828		
Total other post-employment						
benefits obligations	123,894,294	10,222,158	2,279,165	131,837,287		
Total other liabilities	142,161,580	28,163,585	6,398,117	163,927,048	1,317,704	
Total Governmental activities	172,491,134	28,163,585	9,830,580	190,824,139	4,416,061	
Business-Type Activities						
General obligation debt:						
Bonds payable	33,330,000		2,666,529	30,663,471	2,845,635	
Premiums	674,633		82,581	592,052	82,581	
Total bonds payable	34,004,633	-	2,749,110	31,255,523	2,928,216	
Other liabilities:						
Compensated absences	2,708,461		84,871	2,623,590	65,590	
Net pension liability- proportionat						
share	1,037,924	3,344,927	606,042	3,776,809		
Total other post-employment						
benefit obligations	16,564,700	1,361,850	299,869	17,626,681		
Total other liabilities	20,311,085	4,706,777	990,782	24,027,080	65,590	
Total Business-Type activities	54,315,718	4,706,777	3,739,892	55,282,603	2,993,806	
Total Primary Government	\$ 226,806,852	\$ 32,870,362	\$ 13,570,472	\$ 246,106,742	\$ 7,409,867	

Governmental fund liabilities for bonds are liquidated by the debt service fund, which is funded primarily by the general fund. The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities for the governmental activities for claims, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post-employment benefit obligations. The water and electric funds are typically used to liquidate long-term liabilities for business-type activities for bonds payable, compensated absences, and other post-employment benefit obligations based upon their respective obligations.

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the Village. General obligation bonds require the Village to compute, at the time other taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The Village is in compliance with this requirement.

Arbitrage provisions of the Internal Revenue Tax Act of 1986 require the Village to rebate excess arbitrage earnings from bond proceeds to the federal government. There were no excess arbitrage earnings for the year ended May 31, 2020.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations at May 31, 2020 were comprised of the following for governmental activities, exclusive of premiums:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at Year End
Public Improvements	2008	\$ 825,000	October 2023	4.25-4.50%	\$ 180,000
Public Improvements	2009	4,295,000	December 2024	2.00-3.75%	1,000,000
Public Improvements	2010	3,715,000	February 2026	2.00-3.875%	1,225,000
Refunding Bonds	2012	855,000	June 2020	2.00-3.00%	140,000
Refunding Bonds	2012	1,205,000	June 2021	2.00-3.00%	400,000
Refunding Bonds	2012	1,780,000	June 2022	2.00-4.00%	885,000
Public Improvements	2012	2,480,000	August 2027	1.50-3.00%	1,185,000
Public Improvements	2013	7,715,000	October 2028	2.00-3.00%	4,515,000
Public Improvements	2015	8,760,000	February 2030	2.00-3.00%	5,450,000
Public Improvements	2016	2,810,000	February 2031	2.00-3.00%	1,775,000
Public Improvements	2017	4,500,000	June 2032	3.00%	3,965,000
Public Improvements	2018	5,750,000	November 2047	3.00-4.00%	5,706,529
		\$ 44,690,000			\$ 26,426,529

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations at May 31, 2020 were comprised of the following for business-type activities, exclusive of premiums:

		Original				
	Year of	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding	
Purpose	Issue	Amount	Maturity	Rate	at Year End	
Water Fund						
General Improvements	2008	2,000,000	October 2023	4.25-4.50%	520,000	
General Improvements	2009	1,200,000	December 2024	2.00-3.75%	400,000	
General Improvements	2011	2,000,000	February 2026	2.00-3.875%	875,000	
General Improvements	2012	4,500,000	August 2027	1.50-3.00%	2,425,000	
Refunding Bonds	2012	1,370,000	June 2021	2.00-4.00%	330,000	
General Improvements	2013	400,000	October 2028	2.00-3.00%	270,000	
Public Improvements	2015	2,700,000	February 2030	2.00-3.00%	1,800,000	
Public Improvements	2016	6,600,000	February 2031	2.00-3.00%	4,925,000	
Public Improvements	2017	3,700,000	June 2032	3.00%	3,260,000	
Public Improvements	2018	5,300,000	November 2047	3.00-4.00%	5,259,931	
Electric Fund						
General Improvements	2009	1,000,000	December 2024	2.00-3.75%	350,000	
General Improvements	2011	1,400,000	February 2026	2.00-3.875%	600,000	
General Improvements	2012	1,250,000	August 2027	1.50-3.00%	690,000	
Refunding Bonds	2012	3,505,000	June 2027	2.00-4.00%	1,880,000	
Public Improvements	2015	3,000,000	February 2030	2.00-3.00%	2,000,000	
Public Improvements	2016	750,000	February 2031	2.00-3.00%	550,000	
Public Improvements	2017	1,200,000	June 2032	3.00%	1,055,000	
Public Improvements	2018	3,500,000	November 2047	3.00-4.00%	3,473,540	
		\$ 45,375,000			\$ 30,663,471	

The premiums on the 2017, 2016, and 2015 bonds of \$442,257, \$105,371, and \$149,994, respectively, are being amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years, the time to maturity for each of the bonds.

The premium on bond refunding pertaining to the 2012 refunding and the 2012 serial bond, as recorded in the Government-Wide Financial Statements, are being amortized using the straight-line method over 11 years and 15 years, respectively, the time to maturity of the 2012 refunded bond and the 2012 serial bond.

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year						
Ending	Governmen	tal Acitivites	Business-Type Acitivies		To	otal
May 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 2,984,365	\$ 750,062	\$ 2,845,635	\$ 904,939	\$ 5,830,000	\$ 1,655,001
2022	2,701,340	669,864	2,803,660	826,038	5,505,000	1,495,902
2023	2,515,293	598,790	2,684,707	749,650	5,200,000	1,348,440
2024	2,222,267	536,764	2,702,733	675,093	4,925,000	1,211,857
2025	2,196,219	479,624	2,563,781	602,683	4,760,000	1,082,307
2026-2030	8,684,328	1,587,204	9,280,672	2,116,974	17,965,000	3,704,178
2031-2035	1,834,741	764,610	2,750,259	1,163,528	4,585,000	1,928,138
2036-2040	1,090,720	549,749	1,669,280	841,354	2,760,000	1,391,103
2041-2045	1,298,197	313,346	1,986,803	479,553	3,285,000	792,899
2046-2048	899,059	54,813	1,375,941	83,887	2,275,000	138,700
	\$ 26,426,529	\$ 6,304,826	\$ 30,663,471	\$ 8,443,699	\$ 57,090,000	\$ 14,748,525

Upon default of the payment of principal and interest on serial bonds, the bond holders have the right to litigate.

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

	Governmental		Bu	siness-Type	Primary
		Activities		Activities	Government
Interest paid	\$	939,006	\$	1,133,943	\$ 2,072,949
Less interest accrued in the prior year		(280,707)		(369,852)	(650,559)
Plus interest accrued in the current year		150,564		191,819	342,383
Plus amortization of deferred charge		72,913		36,834	109,747
Less amortization of premium		(113,992)		(82,581)	(196,573)
Total expense	\$	767,784	\$	910,163	\$ 1,677,947

NOTE 12– PENSION PLANS:

A) Plan description and benefits provided:

Employees' Retirement System and Police and Fire Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS), which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). These are cost-sharing multiple – employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all new assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System.

The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard benefits provided, to may www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany NY 12244.

B) Funding policies:

The System is noncontributory, except as follows:

- a. Employees who joined the system after July 27, 1976
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute.
- b. Employees who joined the system on or after January 1, 2010 before April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute 3% of their salary throughout active membership.
- c. Employees who joined the system on or after April 1, 2012
 - i. Employees contribute between 3% and 6% dependent upon their salary throughout active membership.

The Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. The Village's contribution rates for ERS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 of covered payroll was 19.60% for Tier 2, 15.80% for Tier 3 & 4, 13.00% for Tier 5 and 9.30% for Tier 6. The Village's contribution rates for PFRS' fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 of covered payroll was 24.70% for Tier 2, 20.10% for Tier 5 and 15.00% for Tier 6.

The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Village contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year based on covered payroll for the Village's fiscal year end was \$1,855,5567 for ERS and \$1,889,044 for PFRS.

The PFRS contribution was charged to the general fund.

The current ERS contribution was charged as follows:

Fund	Amount
General	\$ 1,251,567
Water	85,498
Electric	518,502
	\$ 1,855,567

As detailed above, the general fund, water fund, and electric fund have typically been used to liquidate the net pension obligation.

C) Pension assets, liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions:

At May 31, 2020, the Village reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the Systems. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and PFRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and PFRS Systems in reports provided to the Village.

				Community
				Development
		ERS	PFRS	ERS
Measurement date	N	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
Net pension liability	\$	(11,220,466)	\$ (11,911,073)	\$ (106,098)
Village's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension liability		0.0423724%	0.2228478%	0.0004007%
Change in proportion since prior				
measurement date		(0.0008399)%	0.0011815%	0.0000914%

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized pension expense of \$3,993,785 for ERS and \$4,332,910 for PFRS. At May 31, 2020 the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Out	flows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	ERS	PFRS	ERS	PFRS		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	\$ 666,614	\$ 793,152	\$ -	\$ 199,509		
Changes of assumptions	228,063	1,018,109	196,929			
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments	5,806,547	5,363,931				
Changes in proportion and differences between the Village's contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions	344,366	88,232	147,625	162,197		
Village's contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	301,928	346,717				
	\$ 7,347,518	\$ 7,610,141	\$ 344,554	\$ 361,706		

The Village allocated pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and the contributions between Governmental and Business-type activities based on reported salaries for each activity.

Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended May 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	ERS	<u>PFRS</u>
Fiscal Year ended:		
2021	\$ 1,195,464	\$ 1,469,965
2022	1,677,627	1,610,044
2023	2,119,330	2,035,527
2024	1,708,615	1,706,964
2025		79,218
	\$ 6,701,036	\$ 6,901,718

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions for both ERS and PFRS:

Measurement date March 31, 2020

Acturial valuation date April 1, 2019

Interest rate 6.80%

Salary scale 4.2% for ERS

5.0% for PFRS

Cost of living adjustments 1.3% annually

Decrement tables April 1, 2010 -

March 31, 2015 System's Experience

Inflation rate 2.50%

The annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocations percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of the valuation date are summarized below:

Measurement date	March 31, 2020					
	Target	Long-Term Expected Real				
Asset Type	Allocation	Rate of Return				
Domestic equity	36%	4.05%				
International equity	14%	6.15%				
Private equity	10%	6.75%				
Real estate	10%	4.95%				
Absolute return strategies	2%	3.25%				
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	4.65%				
Real assets	3%	5.95%				
Bonds and mortgages	17%	0.75%				
Cash	1%	0.00%				
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	0.50%				
	100%					

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (5.8%) or 1-percentagepoint higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease (5.8%)	Current Assumption (6.8%)	1% Increase (7.8%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (20,592,723)	\$ (11,220,466)	\$ (2,588,577)	
Community Development ERS Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (194,719)	\$ (106,098)	\$ (24,477)	
PFRS Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,297,241)	\$ (11,911,073)	\$ (3,505,547)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective measurement dates were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)						
	ERS	PFRS					
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020					
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (194,596,261)	\$ (35,309,017)					
Plan fiduciary net position	168,115,682	29,965,080					
Employers' net pension liability	\$ (26,480,579)	\$ (5,343,937)					
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the							
employers' total pension liability	86.39%	84.86%					

Payables to the Pension Plan

Employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31. Accrued retirement contributions as of May 31, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through May 31, 2020 based on paid wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued ERS and PFRS retirement contributions as of May 31, 2020 amounted to \$301,928 and \$346,717, respectively.

NOTE 13 – OTHER RETIREMENT PLAN:

Deferred Compensation Plan:

The Village has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code § 457 for all employees. The Village makes no contributions to the Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended May 31, 2020 totaled \$1,209,053.

NOTE 14 - PENSION TRUST - FIRE SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM:

The Village established a defined contribution length of service award program (the "LOSAP") for the active volunteer firefighters of the Village of Rockville Centre Volunteer Fire Department. The program was established pursuant to Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law. The program provides municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The Village is the sponsor of the program.

A) Program Description:

i) Participation, vesting and service credit

Active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 18 and who have completed one year of firefighting service, and upon earning 50 or more points in a calendar year after 1993 are eligible to participate in the program. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with 5 years of firefighting service. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive up to 5 years of credit for firefighting performed prior to 1994.

ii) Benefits

A participant's benefit under the program is the amount resulting from the contributions made by the sponsor on behalf of the participant, plus interest and/or other earnings resulting from the investment of the contributions, less necessary administrative costs, forfeitures and losses resulting from the investment of contributions. Contributions in the amount of \$700 are made on behalf of each participant who is credited with a year of firefighting service. Except in the case of permanent total disability or death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. Participants remain eligible to accumulate points after entitlement age has been reached. The participants age 65 and over receive payment directly from the Village for their service.

B) Fiduciary Investment and Control:

Service credit is determined by the Board of Trustees of the sponsor, based on information certified to the Board of Trustees by each fire company having members who participate in the program. Each fire company must maintain all required records on forms prescribed by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees of the sponsor performs the administration of the program. Disbursements for the payment of benefits or administrative expenses must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

Program assets are required to be held in trust by LOSAP legislation, for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and their beneficiaries or for the purpose of defraying the reasonable expenses of the operation and administration of the program.

Authority to invest program assets is vested in Mutual of America. Subject to restrictions in the program document, program assets are invested in accordance with a statutory "prudent person" rule. Each program participant discusses future investments on their behalf with Mutual of America on an individual basis.

C) Contributions:

The total amount of contributions shall be made no later than the time prescribed by laws for the proper funding of the Plan.

Although assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust such that the assets are dedicated to providing pensions to plan members in accordance with benefit terms, the trust assets are not legally protected from creditors of the Village. As such, the trust assets do not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73.

D) Program Financial Condition:

i) Assets and Liabilities

Assets Available for Benefits

Mutual Funds Less: Liabilites	% of total 100.00%	\$ 4,882,464
Total Net Assets Available for Benefits		\$ 4,882,464
Unfunded Liability for Prior Service		\$

ii) Receipts and Disbursements

Plan net assets, beginning of year		\$	4,593,777
Changes during the year:			
Additions			
Plan contributions	\$ -		
Interest and net change in			
fair value of investments	425,852		425,852
Subtractions			
Plan benefit withdrawals	(137,165)	-	(137,165)
Plan net assets, end of year		\$	4,882,464

NOTE 15 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, PROPRIETARY FUND AND FIDUCIARY FUND:

	Interfund			Interfund				
	Receivable		Payable		Revenues		Expenditures	
General fund	\$	825,205	\$	67,651	\$		\$	5,225,128
Capital projects fund				780,816		900,000		57,079
Non-major governmental		187,653		195,000		4,382,207		
Total government activities		1,012,858		1,043,467		5,282,207		5,282,207
Water fund		27,026						
Electric fund		89,942						
Internal service fund				207,361				
Fiduciary agency fund		121,002						
Totals	\$	1,250,828	\$	1,250,828	\$	5,282,207	\$	5,282,207

The Village typically transfers monies from the general fund to the debt service fund, to finance principal and interest payments as they become due. The Village typically transfers monies from the general fund to the capital projects fund to finance capital projects. Unexpended funds from the capital projects fund are transferred to the debt service fund as bonded projects are completed.

The Village typically loans resources to the other funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 16 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB):

A) Plan Description:

The Village's OPEB Plan (the "Plan"), defined as a single employer defined benefit plan, primarily provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the New York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP), and are administered by Empire BlueCross BlueShield, United Healthcare, and MEDCO. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Village. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

B) Benefits Provided:

The Plan provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the Village to contribute between 50% and 100% of premiums for individual coverage and 35% and 50% for dependent care coverage, depending on the coverage selected and date of retirement. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Village are established and may be amended by the Village. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2020, the Village contributed \$2,579,034 for current premiums and an additional \$0 to prefund benefits. Plan members contribute 0% to 65% as per respective collective bargaining agreements.

C) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At June 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	215
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	220
	435

D) Total OPEB Liability:

The Village's total OPEB liability of \$149,463,968 was measured as of May 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 1, 2019.

E) Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs:

The total OPEB liability in the June 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00%

Discount rate 2.63%

Healthcare cost trend rates 8.0%, decreasing to 5.0%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% to 50% of projected health insurance

premiums for retirees and 50% to 65% of

premiums for dependent coverage

The discount rate was based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table generationally projected using Scale MP-2016. The assumption includes a margin for future improvements in longevity.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 1, 2019 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable. The Plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

F) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at May 31, 2019	\$	140,458,994		
Changes for the fiscal year:				
Service cost		4,875,644		
Interest		4,244,669		
Differences between expected and actual experience		(7,219,855)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		9,683,550		
Benefit payments		(2,579,034)		
Net changes		9,004,974		
Balance at May 31, 2020	\$	149,463,968		
	-			

There were no significant plan changes since the last valuation.

Changes in assumptions or other inputs include the change in discount rate from 3.05% to 2.63%.

G) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower (1.63%) or 1- percentage point higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 172,516,048	\$ 149,463,968	\$ 126,411,888

H) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower (7.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase
	(7.0%	(8.0%	(9.0%
	decreasing to 4.0%)	decreasing to 5.0%)	decreasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 12,180,720	\$ 149,463,968	\$ 182,985,729

I) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$9,853,808. At May 31, 2020, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,291,518	\$ 6,016,546
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	8,069,625	
	\$ 9,361,143	\$ 6,016,546

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year ended May 31:	
2021	\$ 733,495
2022	733,495
2023	733,495
2024	733,495
2025	410,617
	\$ 3,344,597

NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

A) General:

The Village is self-insured for general, auto and police professional liability. The Village has retained a \$250,000 liability per occurrence except for certain exceptions including public officials and employment practices which is retained at \$100,000 and in order to reduce its exposure to catastrophic losses on insured events, has purchased excess liability insurance in excess of the retention. Certain governmental funds and the enterprise fund are charged a premium by the Internal Service Fund.

The Village is self-insured for workers' compensation and Volunteer Firefighters Benefit Law (VFBL) benefits. The workers' compensation claims and VFBL are covered up to statutory limits. There is a \$850,000 self-insured retention per claim. Insurance coverage has been secured for losses in excess of the retention. Certain governmental funds and the Enterprise Fund are charged premiums by the Internal Service Fund.

The Village is self-insured for claims arising from unemployment cases and liabilities are not material. The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks in excess of self-insured amounts. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims from these risks have exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three years. During the current and prior year, the Village settled cases totaling approximately \$126,613 in 2020 and \$440,294 in 2019.

B) Claims:

The Internal Service Fund reflects workers' compensation benefit liabilities, general liability claims and unemployment benefit liabilities which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled. Liabilities include an amount for reported claims which were incurred on or before year-end but not paid. Liabilities do include an amount for claims which were incurred on or before year-end but not reported (IBNR). The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal

liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows:

	2020	2019
Unpaid claims at beginning of year	\$ 2,489,611	\$ 3,102,844
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	846,407	556,221
Claims payments	(918,616)	(1,169,454)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$ 2,417,402	\$ 2,489,611

NOTE 18 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

A) Grants:

The Village has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the Village's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B) Litigation:

The Village is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs, as well as a defendant in numerous pending tax certiorari cases. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the Village's insurance coverage. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the Village such loss has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements in the amount of \$1,872,500. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements not accrued for will be funded in the year payments are made.

C) Encumbrances:

Significant encumbrances included in governmental fund balances have been classified as restricted or assigned fund balance and are as follows:

i) **General Fund** - Total encumbrances of the general fund as of May 31, 2020 assigned for public safety were \$118,332.

D) <u>Leases:</u>

Operating Leases

The Village leases various equipment and vehicles under non-cancelable leases. Rental expense for the fiscal year was \$132,742. The minimum remaining lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	May 31,	A	Amount		
	2021	\$	128,842		
	2022		105,360		
	2023		48,477		
	2024		42,962		
	2025		37,751		
	2026		243		
		\$	363,635		

NOTE 19 – SPECIAL ITEM:

On November 15, 2019, the Village's water fund sold leases to IWG-TLA Telecom, LLC, for sales proceeds of \$441,475. These sales proceeds are recorded in the water fund on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

NOTE 20 – TAX ABATEMENTS:

The Town of Hempstead Industrial Development Agency, established by Title 1 of Article 18-A of General Municipal Law of New York State, under the authority of New York State General Municipal Law Section 905, entered into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development, and general prosperity and economic welfare of the Town. The Village's property tax revenue was reduced by \$834,664 for these programs. The Village received Payments in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$124,316.

The Nassau County Industrial Development Agency, established by Title 1 of Article 18-A of General Municipal Law of New York State, under the authority of New York State General Municipal Law Section 922, entered into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development, and general prosperity and economic welfare of the County. The Village's property tax revenue was reduced by \$449,861 for these programs. The Village received Payments in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$126,833 for these programs during the fiscal year.

The Village, County of Nassau and Rockville Center Housing, pursuant to Article V of the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York, entered into property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development, and general prosperity and economic welfare of the Village. The Village's property tax revenue was reduced by \$302,279 for these programs. The Village received Payments in Lieu of Tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$80,028 for this program during the fiscal year.

The Village received PILOT payments from the County related to the Long Island Power Authority. These PILOT payments are not considered tax abatements as the purpose of this agreement was not to abate taxes.

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through November 24, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus (COVID-19) disease as a global pandemic, due to the rapid increase in global exposure. The full impact of this pandemic is still evolving as of the date of this report; however, COVID-19 has interrupted Village operations and financial performance. The future performance both operationally and financially will depend upon the duration and spread of the disease, the effect on employees, residents, and vendors, as well as federal and state funding, all of which are uncertain and cannot be estimated at this time.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCESBUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Current Year	(Over) Under Final Budget
REVENUES				
Real property taxes	\$ 30,582,639	\$ 30,582,639	\$ 30,582,639	\$ -
Other tax items	985,000	985,000	1,081,134	(96,134)
Departmental income	5,030,600	5,030,600	3,674,546	1,356,054
Use of money & property	140,000	140,000	247,533	(107,533)
Licenses & permits	1,851,300	1,851,300	1,384,982	466,318
Fines & forfeitures	1,150,000	1,150,000	897,780	252,220
Sale of property & compensation for loss	180,000	180,000	25,618	154,382
Intergovernmental charges	4,240,000	4,240,000	4,059,272	180,728
State and county aid	495,000	495,000	1,150,567	(655,567)
Federal aid	50,000	50,000	30,977	19,023
Miscellaneous	795,000	795,000	885,097	(90,097)
TOTAL REVENUES	45,499,539	45,499,539	44,020,145	1,479,394
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Premium on obligations			16,080	(16,080)
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	45,499,539	45,499,539	\$ 44,036,225	\$ 1,463,314
Appropriated fund balance	842,528	1,242,528		
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$ 46,342,067	\$ 46,742,067		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL- GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

		Original		Final		Actual Budgetary Basis)		ar-End mbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances	
EXPENDITURES	-	Budget		Budget	_(Dud	ctary Dasis)	Encu	DI ANCES	and I	umprances
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT										
Board trustees	\$	126,470	\$	127,395	\$	140,123	\$	-	\$	(12,728)
Village justice		240,191		240,191		225,138				15,053
Mayor		156,185		160,185		159,394				791
Comptroller		519,075		564,075		489,372				74,703
Clerk treasurer		607,667		636,567		520,908				115,659
Treasurer		558,864		558,864		566,903				(8,039)
Professional services		800,000		492,875		346,310				146,565
Purchasing Personnel		144,674		144,674		170,410				(25,736)
Elections		436,345 7,100		437,545 7,100		460,744 3,608				(23,199) 3,492
Central garage		837,967		928,967		737,568				191,399
Data processing		333,104		410,204		359,155				51,049
Special items		333,104		410,204		339,133				31,049
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		72,379		72,379		67,767				4,612
Dues and subscriptions		9,000		9,000		6,280				2,720
General administration		2,000		100,000		23,603				76,397
COVID-19				50,000		12,112				37,888
Real estate tax refunds		950,000		888,000		166,463				721,537
Insurance contribution		528,800		528,800		528,800				,
		-20,000		220,000		,				
PUBLIC SAFETY Police civilian		000 640		000 540		225 262				124 701
Police		900,548		900,548		775,767		110 222		124,781
		9,758,722		9,758,722		9,123,893		118,332		516,497
Street parking Fire department		245,500		245,500		212,247				33,253
Fire prevention		854,500		854,500		821,782				32,718
Safety inspection		6,500 698,898		6,500 728,898		731,121				6,500
Auxiliary police		17,100		17,100		8,232				(2,223) 8,868
Auxinary police		17,100		17,100		0,232				0,000
HEALTH Registrar of Vital Statistics		61,889		61,889		68,006				(6,117)
TRANSPORTATION										
Street administration		766,520		766,520		703,509				63,011
Street maintenance		1,138,059		1,138,059		1,108,855				29,204
Snow removal		304,500		213,500		63,661				149,839
Street lighting		550,000		550,000		533,686				16,314
Sidewalks		51,000		51,000		41,015				9,985
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT		75 O . S. C.		•						
Publicity		92,000		92,000		70,546				21,454
CULTURE and RECREATION										
Parks		782,112		807,112		742,540				64,572
Play & Recreation		1,638,517		1,638,517		1,471,126				167,391
MLK Center		280,351		292,351		292,709				(358)
Senior Center		629,294		661,294		656,023				5,271
Celebrations		33,000		33,000		30,290				2,710
HOME and COMMUNITY SERVICE										
Zoning Board		34,900		34,900		29,496				5,404
Planning Board		20,050		20,050		16,769				3,281
Sanitary Sewers		403,657		378,657		377,520				1,137
Refuse Collection		3,162,892		3,162,892		3,248,807				(85,915)
Board of Arch Review		7,500		7,500		5,100				2,400
Storm Sewers		160,913		160,913		132,264				28,649
Emergency Tenant Protection		7,500		7,500		7,540				(40)
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		12 500 249		12,578,348		11,648,362				929,986
Employee benefits		12,590,348		12,376,346		11,040,302				929,980
DEBT SERVICE										
Debt Service - Interest		60,000		60,000		60,000				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		41,584,591		41,584,591		37,965,524		118,332		3,500,735
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Operating transfers out		4,757,476		5,157,476		5,225,128				(67,652)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		4,757,476		5,157,476		5,225,128		-		(67,652)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	46,342,067	S	46,742,067		43,190,652	S	118,332	S	3,433,083
TOTAL EM EMBITORES AND OTHER PRIMITERS OSES	M = 1									
EXCESS OF REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)						845,573				
						845,573 10,442,072				

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31,

		<u>2020</u>		2019
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	4,875,644	\$	4,464,875
Interest		4,244,669		4,007,301
Changes of benefit terms				-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(7,219,855)		1,937,276
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		9,683,550		-
Benefit payments		(2,579,034)		(2,674,723)
Net change in total OPEB liability		9,004,974		7,734,729
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	-\$	140,458,994	-\$	132,724,265 140,458,994
Covered-employee payroll	\$	25,343,661	\$	22,009,076
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		589.75%		638.19%

Notes to Schedule:

Trust Assets

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions or other inputs include the change in discount rate each period.

The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2.63% 2020 2019 3.05%

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Village's proportion of the net pension liability 0.0423724% 0.0432123% 0.0457863% 0.0467436% 0.0448793% 0.0455493% Community Development's proportion of the net pension liability 0.0004007% 0.0003093% 0.0003219% 0.0002220% 0.0002536% 0.0003449% Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$11,220,466 \$ 3,061,724 \$ 1,477,728 \$ 4,392,132 7,203,254 \$ 1,538,768 Community Development's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 106,098 21,916 10,390 20,862 \$ 40,702 \$ 11,651 \$ \$ \$ Village's covered payroll \$ 14,507,511 \$ 13,224,405 \$13,177,965 \$13,153,344 \$ 13,716,005 \$12,661,664 Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 33.39% 52.52% 12.15% 78.07% 23.32% 11.21% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 97.95% 86.39% 96.27% 98.24% 94.70% 90.68% **NYSPFR Pension Plan** 2017 2015 2020 2019 2018 2016 Village's proportion of the net pension liability 0.262200% 0.2228478% 0.2216663% 0.2296344% 0.242583% 0.264672% \$ 2,321,046 \$ 5,027,902 \$ 7,763,183 679,116 Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$11,911,073 \$ 3,717,484 Village's covered payroll \$ 8,405,181 \$ 8,248,738 \$ 8,408,694 \$ 8,275,129 \$ 8,712,398 \$ 8,746,302 89.11% 45.07% 27.60% 60.76% 7.76% Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability 141.71% as a percentage of its covered payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

84.86%

95.09%

96.93%

93.46%

90.24%

99.00%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement dates of the plans.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31,

		NYSER	S P	ension Plan				
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,855,567	\$ 1,856,468	\$	1,941,494	\$ 2,010,172	\$ 2,172,165	\$ 2,489,116	\$ 2,795,580
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,855,567	1,856,468		1,941,494	2,010,172	2,172,165	2,489,116	2,795,580
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
Village's covered payroll	\$ 14,679,259	\$ 13,247,668	\$	13,147,634	\$ 13,595,933	\$ 13,310,785	\$ 13,262,296	\$ 12,828,119
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.64%	14.01%		14.77%	14.79%	16.32%	18.77%	21.79%

		NYSPFI	RS P	ension Plan	 			
	<u>2020</u>	2019		2017	2016	<u>2015</u>	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,889,044	\$ 1,920,420	\$	2,034,338	\$ 2,104,640	\$ 1,694,871	\$ 2,886,280	\$ 2,321,824
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,889,044	1,920,420		2,034,338	 2,104,640	 1,694,871	 2,886,280	 2,321,824
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	 -	\$ _
Village's covered payroll	\$ 8,463,837	\$ 8,229,672	\$	8,395,192	\$ 8,502,395	\$ 8,456,953	\$ 8,968,011	\$ 9,024,858
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	22.32%	23.34%		24.23%	24.75%	20.04%	32.18%	25.73%

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020	2019
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,344,466	\$ 13,448,779
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		1,161,046	1,143,485
Other receivables:			
Accounts, net		361,076	182,076
State and federal aid		136,965	96,918
Due from other governments		273,647	152,544
Due from other funds		825,205	32,388
Prepaid expenditures	<u>- 1,</u>	21,421	46,405
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,123,826	\$ 15,102,595
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Payables			
Accounts payable	\$	616,464	\$ 1,224
Accrued liabilities		1,481,234	3,066,862
Due to other governments		2,610	11,678
Due to retirement system		544,963	543,953
Due to other funds		67,651	1,035,988
Unearned revenues			
Collections in advance		123,259	818
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,836,181	4,660,523
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable		21,421	46,405
Restricted (employee benefit accrued liability)		1,161,046	1,143,485
Assigned (tax certiorari)		2,024,956	2,024,956
Assigned (appropriated)		1,675,000	
Assigned (unappropriated)		118,332	38,858
Unassigned		6,286,890	7,188,368
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		11,287,645	10,442,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	14,123,826	\$ 15,102,595

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

			2020					2019		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Current Year	Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and Encumbrances	Original	Final Budget	Comment Vers	Faranda	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and
REVENUES	Budget	rinai Budget	Current Year	Encumbrances	Encumbrances	Budget	Final Budget	Current Year	Encumbrances	Encumbrances
Real property taxes	\$ 30,582,639	\$ 30,582,639	\$ 30,582,639	s -	s -	\$ 29,819,715	\$ 29,819,715	\$ 29,819,715	s -	s -
Other tax items	985,000	985,000	1,081,134		(96,134)	949,219	949,219	1,075,166	•	(125,947)
Departmental income	5,030,600	5,030,600	3,674,546		1,356,054	4,985,600	4,985,600	4,583,432		402,168
Use of money & property	140,000	140,000	247,533		(107,533)	140,000	140,000	322,114		(182,114)
Licenses & permits	1,851,300	1,851,300	1,384,982		466,318	1,545,000	1,545,000	1,833,490		(288,490)
Fines & forfeitures	1,150,000	1,150,000	897,780		252,220	1,200,000	1,200,000	920,362		279,638
Sale of property & compensation for loss	180,000	180,000	25,618		154,382	110,000	110,000	100,455		9,545
Intergovernmental charges	4,240,000	4,240,000	4,059,272		180,728	4,117,975	4,117,975	3,945,867		172,108
State and county aid	495,000	495,000	1,150,567		(655,567)	908,671	926,166	1,041,116		(114,950)
Federal aid	50,000	50,000	30,977		19,023	100,000	100,000	53,059		46,941
Miscellaneous	795,000	795,000	885,097		(90,097)	922,000	922,000	1,049,693		(127,693)
TOTAL REVENUES	45,499,539	45,499,539	44,020,145		1,479,394	44,798,180	44,815,675	44,744,469		71,206
EXPENDITURES										P 111 3
General government support	6.327.821	6,356,821	4,984,658		1,372,163	5,922,898	5,472,627	5,243,003		229,624
Public safety	12,481,768	12,511,768	11,673,042	118,332	720,394	12,782,894	12,121,665	12,019,652	38,858	63,155
Health	61,889	61,889	68,006	200 DF 200	(6,117)	61,389	67,475	67,474		1
Transportation	2,810,079	2,719,079	2,450,726		268,353	2,799,509	2,717,279	2,651,356		65,923
Economic opportunity and development	92,000	92,000	70,546		21,454	92,000	92,000	85,189		6,811
Culture and recreation	3,363,274	3,432,274	3,192,688		239,586	3,333,029	3,300,702	3,290,638		10,064
Home and community services	3,797,412	3,772,412	3,817,496		(45,084)	3,507,940	3,993,798	3,984,320		9,478
Employee benefits Debt service	12,590,348	12,578,348	11,648,362		929,986	12,108,708	11,538,734	11,561,989		(23,255)
Interest	60,000	60,000	60,000							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	41,584,591	41,584,591	37,965,524	118,332	3,500,735	40,608,367	39,304,280	38,903,621	38,858	361,801
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Premium on obligations	(4 757 476)	(5.155.456)	16,080		(16,080)	(4 180 812)	(5 (30 510)	(6 (50 610)		
Operating transfers out	(4,757,476)	(5,157,476)	(5,225,128)		67,652	(4,189,813)	(5,679,510)	(5,679,510)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(4,757,476)	(5,157,476)	(5,209,048)	-	51,572	(4,189,813)	(5,679,510)	(5,679,510)	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 46,342,067	\$ 46,742,067	43,174,572	\$ 118,332	\$ 3,449,163	\$ 44,798,180	\$ 44,983,790	44,583,131	\$ 38,858	\$ 361,801
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			845,573					161,338		
FUND BALANCES- BEGINNING OF YEAR			10,442,072					10,280,734		
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR			\$ 11,287,645					\$ 10,442,072		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Receivables:	\$	2,584,440 157,037	\$	1,695,030 3,400,440
State and federal aid Due from other funds		47,904		58,481 1,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,789,381	\$	6,153,951
I LADII POVEC AND EVIND DAT ANCEC				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Payables				
Accounts payable	\$	5,207	\$	199,926
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	9,581	Ψ	853,066
Due to other funds		780,816		67,748
Notes payable		,		
Bond anticipation notes payable				2,016,080
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	795,604		3,136,820
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted		157,037		3,400,440
Assigned		1,836,740		
Unassigned			-	(383,309)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,993,777		3,017,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,789,381	\$	6,153,951

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
REVENUES		
State aid	\$ 610,844	\$ 409,754
Miscellaneous	50,000	204,347
Use of money and property	57,079	62,547
TOTAL REVENUES	717,923	676,648
EXPENDITURES		
Capital outlay	2,584,198	5,610,589
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,584,198	5,610,589
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)		
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,866,275)	(4,933,941)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Issuance of serial bonds		5,750,000
Operating transfers in	900,000	1,339,697
Operating transfers (out)	(57,079)	(62,547)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	842,921	7,027,150
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,023,354)	2,093,209
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,017,131	923,922
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,993,777	\$ 3,017,131

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2020

				Special Reve	nue F	unds			Total	
		ommunity velopment		Section 8 Housing		Special Purpose	Total	Debt Service	Non-Major Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Receivables:	\$	94,733	\$	- 417,948	\$	283,728	\$ 94,733 701,676	\$ - 378,056	\$ 94,733 1,079,732	
Accounts, net				6,825			6,825		6,825	
Due from other governments		299,737					299,737		299,737	
Due from other funds		67,651	_				67,651	120,002	187,653	
TOTAL ASSETS		462,121		424,773	_	283,728	1,170,622	498,058	1,668,680	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Other post-employment benefits obligation	_			34,361			34,361		34,361	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	462,121	\$	459,134	\$	283,728	\$1,204,983	\$ 498,058	\$ 1,703,041	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	201,795	\$	52,258 576,282	\$	-	\$ 254,053 576,282	\$ -	\$ 254,053 576,282	
Due to employees' retirement system Due to other funds		195,000		4,076			4,076 195,000		4,076 195,000	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		396,795		632,616		•	1,029,411		1,029,411	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Other post-employment benefits obligation				22,084			22,084		22,084	
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted						283,728	283,728	498,058	781,786	
Assigned		65,326					65,326		65,326	
Unassigned	e			(195,566)	_		(195,566)		(195,566)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		65,326	_	(195,566)		283,728	153,488	498,058	651,546	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	462,121	\$	459,134		283,728	\$1,204,983	\$ 498,058	\$ 1,703,041	

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

				Special Revenue Funds							Total	
		mmunity velopment		Section 8 Housing		Special Purpose	Total		Debt Service		Non Major Funds	
REVENUES												
Departmental income	\$	-	\$	4,877	\$	-	\$	4,877	\$	-	\$ 4	,877
Use of money and property		904		1,574				2,478	7,	340		,818
Federal aid		461,078		2,911,514			3	,372,592			3,372	.,592
Miscellaneous						282,872		282,872				2,872
TOTAL REVENUES		461,982		2,917,965	_	282,872	3	,662,819	. 7,	340	3,670	,159
EXPENDITURES												
Economic opportunity												
and development				2,846,277			2	,846,277			2,846	,277
Culture and recreation						134,072		134,072			134	,072
Home and community services		528,728						528,728			528	3,728
Employee benefits				34,819				34,819			34	,819
Debt service												
Principal									3,318,	470	3,318	,470
Interest									939,	006	939	,006
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		528,728	_	2,881,096	_	134,072	3	,543,896	4,257,	476	7,801	,372
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)												
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(66,746)	_	36,869		148,800		118,923	(4,250,	136)	(4,131	,213)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Operating transfers in		67,651						67,651	4,314,	556	4,382	,207
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		67,651	4					67,651	4,314,	556	4,382	,207
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		905		36,869		148,800		186,574	64,	420	250	,994
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		64,421	((232,435)		134,928		(33,086)	433,	638	400),552
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	65,326	\$	(195,566)	\$	283,728	\$	153,488	\$ 498,	058	\$ 651	,546

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020	2019			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	94,733	\$	28,631		
Receivables:						
Due from other governments		299,737		63,854		
Due from other funds		67,651				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	462,121	\$	92,485		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts payable	\$	201,795	\$	3,064		
Due to other funds	. <u> </u>	195,000		25,000		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		396,795	-	28,064		
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned	_ <u>> 4</u>	65,326		64,421		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		65,326		64,421		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	462,121	\$	92,485		

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	4	2019
REVENUES			
Use of money and property	\$ 904	\$	720
Federal aid	461,078		112,144
TOTAL REVENUES	461,982		112,864
EXPENDITURES			
Home and community service	 528,728	1	200,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Operating transfers in	 67,651		150,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES	 461,077		50,517
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	905		62,347
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 64,421		2,074
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 65,326	\$	64,421

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SECTION 8 HOUSING FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	417,948	\$	338,610
Receivables:				
Accounts, net	<u> </u>	6,825		
TOTAL ASSETS		424,773		338,610
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other post-employment benefits obligation		34,361		5,926
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	459,134	\$	344,536
OF RESOURCES	-			
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	52,258	\$	5,862
Accrued liabilities		576,282		571,109
Due to employees' retirement system		4,076	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		632,616		576,971
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other post-employment benefits obligation		22,084		
FUND BALANCE				
Unassigned		(195,566)		(232,435)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		(195,566)	4	(232,435)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	459,134	\$	344,536

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SECTION 8 HOUSING FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	 2019
REVENUES		
Departmental income	\$ 4,877	\$ 17,936
Use of money and property	1,574	1,748
Federal aid	2,911,514	2,800,705
TOTAL REVENUES	 2,917,965	 2,820,389
EXPENDITURES		
Economic opportunity		
and development	2,846,277	2,810,189
Employee benefits	34,819	 78,439
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,881,096	 2,888,628
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	36,869	(68,239)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (232,435)	 (164,196)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ (195,566)	\$ (232,435)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$ 283,728	\$ 134,928
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 283,728	\$ 134,928
FUND BALANCES Restricted	\$ 283,728	\$ 134,928
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 283,728	\$ 134,928

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020		2019		
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous	\$ 282,872	\$	27,317		
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and recreation	134,072		35,242		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)					
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	148,800		(7,925)		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 134,928		142,853		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 283,728	\$	134,928		

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020	 2019
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$ 378,056	\$ 370,715
Receivables:		
Due from other funds	 120,002	62,923
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 498,058	\$ 433,638
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	\$ 498,058	\$ 433,638
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 498,058	\$ 433,638

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2	020		Trail Front Control	2	019	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Current Year	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Current Year	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
REVENUES								
Use of money & property	-	\$ -	\$ 7,340	\$ (7,340)	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 7,217	\$ (7,217)
TOTAL REVENUES		_	7,340	(7,340)			7,217	(7,217)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal	3,318,470	3,318,470	3,318,470	-	3,460,000	3,460,000	3,460,000	
Interest	939,006	939,006	939,006	-	729,813	729,813	729,813	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,257,476	4,257,476	4,257,476		4,189,813	4,189,813	4,189,813	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	4,257,476	4,257,476	4,314,556	(57,080)	4,189,813	4,189,813	4,252,360	(62,547)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4,257,476	4,257,476	4,314,556	(57,080)	4,189,813	4,189,813	4,252,360	(62,547)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER SOURCES (USES)	\$ -	\$ -	(57,080)	\$ 57,080	\$ -	\$ -	(62,547)	\$ 62,547
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			64,420				69,764	
FUND BALANCES- BEGINNING OF YEAR			433,638				363,874	
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR			\$ 498,058				\$ 433,638	

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,141,780	\$ 7,900,911
Receivables		
Accounts, net	2,672,242	5,084,798
Due from other funds	27,026	
Inventories	212,773	209,434
Total Current Assets	11,053,821	13,195,143
Non-Current Assets		
Land	327,271	327,271
Construction-in-progress	6,995,296	6,801,507
Buildings and equipment	47,877,974	46,173,777
	55,200,541	53,302,555
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(13,200,994)	(12,081,426)
Total Non-Current Assets	41,999,547	41,221,129
TOTAL ASSETS	53,053,368	54,416,272
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	387,411	110,123
Other post-employment benefits obligation	149,788	25,832
Deferred charge on refunding		17,328
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	537,199	153,283
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES	52 500 567	54 560 555
	53,590,567	54,569,555
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	8,146	4,530
Accrued liabilities	51,565	554,009
Accrued interest	113,586	220,109
Due to other funds		11,300
Customer deposits	34,547	33,067
Collections in advance	68,595	59,648
Due to employees' retirement system	15,814	14,724
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	1,886,840	1,783,061
Compensated absences	8,129	7,766
Total Current Liabilities	2,187,222	2,688,214
Non-Current Liabilities		
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	18,465,031	20,351,871
Compensated absences	317,024	302,874
Net pension liability - proportionate share	599,173	167,476
Total other post-employment benefit obligations	2,391,571	2,247,483
Total Non-Current Liabilities	21,772,799	23,069,704
TOTAL LIABILITIES	23,960,021	25,757,918
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		ća 200
Pensions	18,265	62,293
Other post-employment benefits obligation	96,271	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	114,536	62,293
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	21,647,676	19,103,525
Unrestricted	7,868,334	9,645,819
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 29,516,010	\$ 28,749,344
TOTAL NET TOSITION	Φ 29,310,010	20,747,344

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	1 1 200	2020	2019		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Metered sales	\$	5,534,086	\$	5,229,468	
Penalty income		96,109	· ·	138,234	
Miscellaneous		14,727		33,870	
Grant revenue		100 to \$ 100 to		2,867,550	
Total operating revenues	- 1 <u>De</u>	5,644,922		8,269,122	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Purchased power		119,522		137,269	
Depreciation		1,056,897		929,883	
Maintenance		533,313		252,463	
Interfund charges		577,830		578,271	
Transmission and distribution		938,420		776,785	
General and administrative		1,065,714		1,634,707	
Employee benefits		568,996		406,493	
Insurance		75,000		84,502	
Total operating expenses		4,935,692		4,800,373	
Operating income	<u> </u>	709,230		3,468,749	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Rental income		66,557		412,674	
Interest income		130,121		154,361	
Interest expense		(580,817)		(541,006)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(384,139)		26,029	
SPECIAL ITEM (SEE NOTE 19)					
Sale of cellular leases		441,575	ţ -	4,442,833	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		766,666		7,937,611	
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		28,749,344		20,811,733	
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	29,516,010	\$	28,749,344	

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND - WATER FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Revenue collected:				
Cash received from charges for services	\$	8,067,905	\$	6,367,456
Internal activity-payments from other funds for expense reimbursements Payments for expenses:		(27,026)	•	3,438
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services		(2,467,319)		(3,892,439)
Cash payments to employees for services and related expenses		(1,671,256)		(576,298)
Internal activity-payments to other funds for expense reimbursements		(11,300)		(10,494)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		3,891,004		1,891,663
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of capital assets		(1,835,315)		(4,548,235)
Proceeds from capital debt				5,300,000
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,740,069)		(1,765,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(713,004)		(480,635)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(4,288,388)		(1,493,870)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and rental income		196,678		567,035
Sale of cellular leases				4,442,833
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		638,253		5,009,868
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		240,869		5,407,661
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		7,900,911		2,493,250
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	8,141,780	\$	7,900,911
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income	\$	709,230	\$	3,468,749
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		1,056,897		929,883
Decrease (increase) in:				
Accounts receivable		2,412,556		(1,899,021)
Due from other funds		(27,026)		3,438
Inventory		(3,339)		10,499
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		3,616		(1,169,294)
Accrued liabilities		(502,444)		510,792
Due to other funds		(11,300)		(10,494)
Customer deposits		1,480		1,425
Collections in advance		8,947		(4,070)
Due to employees' retirement system		1,090		(3,625)
Compensated absences		14,513		(77,364)
Pension amounts		110,381		32,812
Other post-employment benefit obligations	_	116,403	_	97,933
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,891,004	\$	1,891,663

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND - ELECTRIC FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

ACCETC	2020	2019
ASSETS Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,963,056	\$ 11,710,438
Receivables	Ψ 7,703,030	Ψ 11,710,130
Accounts, net	3,685,137	3,405,856
Due from other funds	89,942	8,065
Prepaid expense	1,382,983	0,003
Inventories	2,845,694	2,655,658
Total Current Assets	17,966,812	17,780,017
Non-Current Assets		17,700,017
Land	48,614	48,614
Construction-in-progress	1,789,439	2,616,308
Buildings and equipment	69,715,141	68,549,250
bundings and equipment	71,553,194	71,214,172
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(36,231,135)	(34,803,530)
Total Non-Current Assets	35,322,059	36,410,642
TOTAL ASSETS	53,288,871	54,190,659
TOTAL ASSETS	33,200,0/1	34,190,039
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	2,054,507	573,135
Other post-employment benefits obligation	954,197	164,558
Deferred charge on refunding	97,534	117,040
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	3,106,238	854,733
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	56,395,109	55,045,392
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	889,726	2,883,481
Accrued liabilities	683,620	2,063,981
Accrued interest	78,233	149,743
Customer deposits	1,487,391	1,425,318
Collections in advance	3,071,932	
Due to employees' retirement system	83,792	77,303
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	1,041,376	966,049
Compensated absences	57,461	59,946
Total Current Liabilities	7,393,531	7,625,821
Non-Current Liabilities		
Bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	9,862,276	10,903,652
Compensated absences	2,240,976	2,337,875
Net pension liability - proportionate share	3,177,636	870,448
Total other post-employment benefit obligations payable	15,235,110	14,317,217
Total Non-Current Liabilities	30,515,998	28,429,192
TOTAL LIABILITIES	37,909,529	36,055,013
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions	96,865	323,763
Other post-employment benefits obligation	613,276	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	710,141	323,763
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	24,515,941	24,657,981
Unrestricted	(6,740,502)	(5,991,365)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,775,439	\$ 18,666,616

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND - ELECTRIC FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES	300	
Charges for services		
Metered sales	\$ 22,030,305	\$ 26,035,837
Penalty income	41,142	34,987
Miscellaneous	55,576	53,156
Total operating revenues	22,127,023	26,123,980
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Purchased power	8,971,745	12,220,190
Depreciation	1,374,333	1,556,460
Maintenance	47,960	138,362
Interfund charges	2,862,712	2,796,827
Production	2,175,075	2,685,647
Transmission and distribution	1,643,060	1,405,250
Street lighting	180,240	202,929
General and administrative	1,858,543	1,424,572
Employee benefits	3,647,771	3,424,931
Insurance	258,333	258,334
Customer deposit interest	10,253	2,914
Total operating expenses	23,030,025	26,116,416
Operating income (loss)	(903,002)	7,564
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Rental income	167,996	
Interest income	173,175	143,862
Interest expense	(329,346)	(299,204)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	11,825	(155,342)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(891,177)	(147,778)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	18,666,616	18,814,394
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 17,775,439	\$ 18,666,616

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND - ELECTRIC FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Revenue collected: Cash received from charges for services	\$	24,981,747	\$	26,097,657
Internal activity-payments from other funds for expense reimbursements	Ψ	(81,877)	Φ	8,359
Payments for expenses:		(01,011)		0,000
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services		(19,061,979)		(18,387,910)
Cash payments to employees for services and related expenses		(5,369,074)		(3,819,853)
Cash payments to customers on deposit interest		(10,253)		(2,914)
Internal activity-payments to other funds for expense reimbursements		(913,968)		(25,432)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities		(455,404)		3,869,907
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of capital assets		(285,750)		(2,330,831)
Proceeds from capital debt				3,500,000
Principal paid on capital debt		(926,460)		(895,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(420,939)		(265,603)
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,633,149)		8,566
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and rental income		341,171		143,862
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		341,171		143,862
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,747,382)		4,022,335
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		11,710,438		7,688,103
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	9,963,056	\$	11,710,438
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED				
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating income	\$	(903,002)	\$	7,564
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		1,374,333		1,556,460
Decrease (Increase) in:				
Accounts receivable		(279,281)		19,585
Due from other funds		(81,877)		8,359
Prepaid expense		(1,382,983)		
Inventory		(190,036)		(35,262)
Increase (Decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(1,993,755)		(429,338)
Accrued liabilities		(1,380,361)		1,828,732
Due to other funds				(25,432)
Customer deposits		62,073		(45,908)
Collections in advance		3,071,932		(00.150)
Due to employees' retirement system		6,489		(22,172)
Compensated absences		(99,384)		282,166
Pension amounts		598,918		101,298
Other post-employment benefit obligations	_	741,530	-	623,855
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(455,404)	\$	3,869,907

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - RISK RETENTION FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020		2019
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 2,425,621	\$	2,388,504
Receivables			
Accounts receivable, net			
Due from other funds			36,660
Prepaid expenses	290,028		282,112
TOTAL ASSETS	2,715,649		2,707,276
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	90,886		217,665
Due to other funds	207,361		
Claims payable	1,062,416		1,216,829
Total Current Liabilities	 1,360,663		1,434,494
Non-Current Liabilities			
Claims payable	1,354,986		1,272,782
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,354,986		1,272,782
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,715,649	-	2,707,276
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ _	\$	

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - RISK RETENTION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
OPERATING REVENUES	-	N
Charges for services		
Risk management	\$ 2,060,970	\$ 2,053,570
Total operating revenues	2,060,970	2,053,570
OPERATING EXPENSES		
General and administrative	503,779	720,295
Employee benefits	681,977	1,077,158
Insurance	673,957	198,810
Judgments and claims	236,639	92,297
Total operating expenses	2,096,352	2,088,560
Operating loss	(35,382)	(34,990)
NON-OPERATING INCOME		
Interest income	35,382	34,990
Total non-operating income	35,382	34,990
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u> </u>
TOTAL NET POSITION- END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -

INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND - RISK RETENTION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Revenue collected:				
Cash received from charges for services	\$	2,060,970	\$	2,053,570
Cash received from insurance recoveries				
Payments for expenses:				
Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants		(1,621,279)		(1,668,581)
Cash payments to employees for services and related expenses		(681,977)		(1,077,158)
Internal activity-payments (to) from other funds for expense reimbursements		244,021		(55,300)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		1,735	-	(747,469)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and rental income	<u> </u>	35,382		34,990
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		35,382		34,990
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		37,117		(712,479)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,388,504		3,100,983
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,425,621	\$	2,388,504
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating loss	S	(35,382)	\$	(34,990)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		` ' '		
cash provided by operating activities:				
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (Increase) in:				
Accounts receivable				
Due from other funds		36,660		(36,660)
Prepaid expenses		(7,916)		(20,764)
Increase (Decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(126,779)		(23,182)
Due to other funds		207,361		(18,640)
Claims payable		(72,209)		(613,233)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	1,735	\$	(747,469)

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020		2019		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	199,413	\$	472,715	
Due from governmental funds		121,002			
Accounts receivable		2,044		4,711	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	322,459	\$	477,426	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	10,313	\$	11,466	
Deposits		124,926		233,215	
Other liabilities		187,220		232,745	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	322,459	\$	477,426	

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

	Balance June 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance May 31, 2020
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 472,715	\$ 3,809,645	\$ 4,082,947	\$ 199,413
Due from other funds	-	2,450,691	2,329,689	121,002
Accounts receivable	4,711	2,044	4,711	2,044
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 477,426	\$ 6,262,380	\$ 6,417,347	\$ 322,459
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 11,466	\$ 10,313	\$ 11,466	\$ 10,313
Deposits and other liabilities	465,960	3,679,469	3,833,283	312,146
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 477,426	\$ 3,689,782	\$ 3,844,749	\$ 322,459

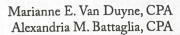
THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Investments- mutual funds, at fair value	\$ 4,882,464	\$ 4,593,777
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,882,464	\$ 4,593,777
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u> </u>
NET POSITION		
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 4,882,464	\$ 4,593,777

THE INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF ROCKVILLE CENTRE COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019		
ADDITIONS				
Pension contributions	\$ -	\$ 221,200		
Interest and net change in fair value of investments	425,852	(12,340)		
TOTAL ADDITIONS	425,852	208,860		
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension benefits	137,165	109,299		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	137,165	109,299		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	288,687	99,561		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,593,777	4,494,216		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,882,464	\$ 4,593,777		





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees
The Incorporated Village of Rockville Centre

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, fiduciary funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Rockville Centre, as of and for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Rockville Centre's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Rockville Centre's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Rockville Centre's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Rockville Centre's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

ISLANDIA: 3033 EXPRESS DRIVE NORTH, SUITE 100 • ISLANDIA, NY 11749 WHITE PLAINS: 50 MAIN STREET, SUITE 1000 • WHITE PLAINS, NY 10606 PHONE: (631) 234-4444 • FAX: (631) 234-4234

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Rockville Centre's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

R. S. abrana + Co. XXP

R.S. Abrams & Co., LLP Islandia, NY November 24, 2020